MARSHAL® 48 EC

SOUTH AFRICA Registration Number/Registrasie Nommer L3314, Act No. 36 of 1947/Wet 36 van 1947 NAMIBIA Registration Number/Registrasie Nommer N-AR0637

READ THE LABEL BEFORE USE KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN AND ANIMALS

GROUP/GROEP	1A	INSECTICIDES	INSEKDODERS

A systemic insecticide and nematicide for the control of the pests mentioned on the crops listed.

'n Sistemiese insek- en aalwurmdoder vir die beheer van plae soos vermeld op genoemde gewasse.



HAZARD STATEMENTS:

Toxic if swallowed

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

May cause an allergic skin reaction

Causes serious eye irritation

Harmful if inhaled

Suspected of causing cancer

Causes damage to organs

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Physical Hazards

Flammable liquid and vapor

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

Prevention

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment

Use only non-sparking tools

Take precautionary measures against static discharge

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Response

Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on label)

If exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water/shower

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor

Do NOT induce vomiting

Rinse mouth

In case of fire: Use Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Alcohol-resistant foam, Water spray

for extinction

Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container according to label directions

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

No hazards not otherwise classified were identified.

DANGER

Active ingredient

Carbosulfan (carbamate) - 480 g/L

Aktiewe bestanddeel

Karbosulfan (karbamaat) - 480 g/L

Net Volume 5L Netto Volume

REGISTRATION HOLDER/REGISTRASIEHOUER

FMC Chemicals (Pty) Ltd

Company Registration Number: 1988/001451/07

West End Office Park

Building C

Cnr West Ave & Hall Street

Centurion, 0014

Telephone number: +27 (76) 875 4432

www.ag.fmc.com/za/en

Batch Number Printed on Container Lot Nommer

Date of Manufacture Printed on Container Datum van Vervaardiging

Expiry Date 2 Years from manufacture Vervaldatum

UN Number/VN Nommer 2991

For any emergency or poisoning contact: Griffon Poison Information
Centre (24 hrs)
Vir enige noodgeval of vergiftiging kontak Griffon vergiftiging
Inligtingsentrum (24 hr)

+27-(0)-82-446-8946

WARNINGS:

HAZARD STATEMENTS:

- Toxic if swallowed
- May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
- May cause an allergic skin reaction
- Causes serious eye irritation
- Harmful if inhaled
- Suspected of causing cancer
- Causes damage to organs
- Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Physical Hazards

Flammable liquid and vapor

- DO NOT APPLY WITHIN 84 DAYS OF HARVEST OF GRAPES
- DO NOT APPLY AFTER TASSELS ARE ENCLOSED BY THE FLAG LEAF STAGE IN MAIZE AND SWEETCORN
- DO NOT HARVEST SORGHUM WITHIN 28 DAYS AFTER TREATMENT
- Do not allow animals to feed on treated plants within 12 weeks of application.
- Handle with extreme care.
- Poisonous when absorbed through skin, swallowed or inhales.
- Toxic to bees, fish and wildlife.
- Store under lock and key in a cool place away from food and feedstuffs.
- Keep out of reach of children, uninformed persons and animals.
- Under certain climatic conditions an application of MARSHAL 480 EC may cause a slight delay in emergence of the maize plant and this may be associated with temporary yellowing or scorching of the leaves.
- Re-entry interval: Do not enter treated area within 2 days after treatment unless wearing protective clothing.
- FLAMMABLE: Do not store near open flame
- In case of poisoning call a doctor and make this label available to him.
- <u>Aerial application</u>: Notify the inhabitants of the immediate area to be sprayed and issue the necessary warnings. Do not spray over or allow drift to contaminate adjacent areas. Adhere to the guidelines in the SANS Code of Practice 10118 for the aerial application of agricultural chemicals.
- Although Marshal 480 EC has been tested on most important cultivars and no significant phytotoxic
 effects have been recorded, this does not mean that a more susceptible cultivar cannot be
 commercialised in the future. Where new cultivars are encountered large areas should not be sprayed
 without prior testing of Marshal 480 EC on that cultivar.

Although this remedy has been extensively tested under a large variety of conditions the registration holder does not warrant that it will be efficacious under all conditions because the action and effect thereof may be affected by factors such as abnormal soil, climatic and storage condition; quality of dilution water, compatibility with other substances not indicated on the label and the occurrence of resistance of the pest against the remedy concerned as well as by the method, time and accuracy of application. the registration holder furthermore does not accept responsibility for damage to crops, vegetation the environment or harm to man or animal or for lack of performance of the remedy concerned due to the failure of the user to follow label instructions or to the occurrence of conditions which could not have been foreseen in terms of the registration. Consult the supplier in the event of any uncertainty.

PRECAUTIONS:

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

Prevention

- Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
- Obtain special instructions before use
- Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood
- Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling
- Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
- Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace
- Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
- Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking
- · Keep container tightly closed
- Ground/bond container and receiving equipment
- Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment
- Use only non-sparking tools
- Take precautionary measures against static discharge
- Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Response

- Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on label)
- If exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor
- IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.
 Continue rinsing
- If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention
- If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention
- Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
- IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
- IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
- Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell
- IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor
- Do NOT induce vomiting
- Rinse mouth
- In case of fire: Use Carbon dioxide (CO2), Dry chemical, Alcohol-resistant foam, Water spray for extinction

Storage

- Store locked up
- Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

Disposal

- Dispose of contents/container according to label directions
- Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)
- No hazards not otherwise classified were identified.

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS:

Carbosulfan (ISO)

Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum), light arom.

- Avoid contact with spray mist. Wear protected clothing protective gloves, boots and face shield during mixing and application.
- Wash hands and face with soap and water after use and accidental skin contact.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke during application or before washing hands and face.
- · Prevent drift of spray mist onto other crops, grazing, rivers, dams and areas not under treatment
- Clean applicator after use or before using with other remedies. Dispose of wash water where it will not contaminate crops, grazing, rivers or dams.
- Prevent contamination of food, feed, drinking water or eating utensils.
- Triple rinse the container as follows: Invert the empty container over the spray or mixing tank and allow to drain for at least 30 seconds after the flow has slowed down to a drip. Thereafter rinse the empty container three times with a volume of water equal to at least 10% of that of the container and add the rinsing to the contents of the spray tank before destroying the container in the prescribed manner.
- Destroy the empty container by perforation and flattening and NEVER use for any other purpose.

SYMPTOMS OF POISONING:

Headache, fatigue, faintness, giddiness, excessive sweating, nausea, abdominal pain, vomiting, muscle twitching, unusually small pupils, respiratory distress, coma.

FIRST AID TREATMENT:

Remove patient from source of poisoning and keep him quiet and reassured. Remove contaminated clothing and rinse contaminated body area thoroughly with plenty of soap and water. Do not rub skin. Flush contamination out of eyes with clean water for 15 minutes. If concentrate or water diluted mixture has been swallowed, do not induce vomiting – call a doctor. Vomiting should be supervised by a physician because of possible pulmonary damage by aspiration of the solvent.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN:

The active ingredient is a reversible cholinesterase inhibitor. Administer atropine sulphate 2-4 mg intravenously, repeated at 10 minute intervals until atropinisation appears. Do not use oximes such as 2-PAM. If in eye install one drop of homotropine.

RESISTANCE WARNING:

For resistance management MARSHAL 48 EC is a group code 1A insecticide/nematicide. Any insect population may contain individuals naturally resistant to MARSHAL 48 EC and other group code 1A insecticides.

The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the insect population if these insecticides are used repeatedly.

These resistant insects may not be controlled by **MARSHAL 48 EC** or any other group code 1A insecticide. To delay insecticide resistance:

- Avoid exclusive repeated use of insecticide from the same insecticide group code. Alternate or tank mix with products from different insecticide group codes.
- Integrate the control methods (chemical, cultural, biological) into insects control programmes.

For specific information on resistance management contact the registration holder of this product.

AERIAL APPLICATION:

Aerial application of this product may only be done by a registered Aerial Application Operator using a correctly calibrated, registered aircraft according to the instructions of SANS Code 10118 (Aerial Application of Agricultural Pesticides). It is important to ensure that the spray mixture is distributed evenly over the target area and that the loss of spray material during application is restricted to a minimum. It is therefore essential that the following criteria be met:

- <u>Volume</u>: A spray mixture volume of 30 litres per hectare is recommended. As this product has not been evaluated at a reduced volume rate, the registration holder cannot guarantee efficacy, or be held responsible for any adverse effects if this product is applied aerially at a lower volume rate than recommended above.
- <u>Droplet coverage</u>: A droplet coverage of 30 to 40 droplets per cm² must be recovered at the target.
- <u>Droplet size</u>: A droplet spectrum with a VMD of 250 to 280 microns is recommended. Limit the production of fine droplets less than 150 microns (high drift and evaporation potential) to a minimum.
- <u>Flying height</u>: The height of the spray boom should be maintained at 3 to 4 metres above the target. Do not spray when aircraft dives, is in a climb or when banking.
- Use suitable <u>atomising equipment</u> that will produce the desired droplet size and coverage, but which will ensure the minimum loss of product. The spray system must produce a droplet spectrum with the lowest possible Relative Span. Position all the atomisers within the inner 60 % to 75 % of the wingspan to prevent droplets from entering the wingtip vortices.
- The difference in <u>temperature</u> between the wet and dry bulb thermometers, of a whirling hygrometer, should not exceed 8°C.
- Stop aerial application if the wind speed exceeds 15 km/h.
- Stop aerial application under turbulent, unstable and dry conditions during the heat of the day.

- Aerial application under temperature <u>inversion conditions</u> (spraying in or above the inversion layer), and/or <u>high humidity conditions</u> (relative humidity 80% and above) may lead to the following:
 - a) Reduced efficacy due to suspension and evaporation of small droplets in the air (inadequate coverage).
 - b) Damage to other sensitive crops and/or non-target areas through the movement of the suspended spray cloud away from the target field.
- Ensure that the Aerial Application Operator knows exactly which fields to spray.

Obtain an assurance from the Aerial Spray Operator that the above requirements will be met and that relevant data will be compiled in a logbook and kept for future reference.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE: USE ONLY AS INDICATED.

METHODS OF APPLICATION:

A. Preventive treatment at planting time of maize

MARSHAL 48 EC should be applied in a small volume of water while planting is taking place. This requires the use of low pressure spraying equipment mounted on the tractor/planter. The equipment must be capable of applying low volumes of spray mixture and must be accurately calibrated.

The spray nozzles of the spray equipment should be mounted on a planter in such a way that a 50 mm wide band of spray mixture can be sprayed into the open planting furrow, before it is closed and compressed by the press wheel. It is preferable that the nozzle should be angled slightly backwards towards the press wheel so that some soil (5 - 10 mm) will have fallen over the seed by the time the spray mixture is sprayed into the furrow.

Calibration should be carried out as follows: -

- i) Determine the time which it takes the tractor and planter to cover 100 m when planting. This will be X minutes.
- ii) Add some clean water to the spray tank and run the spray equipment for X minutes as determined above, whilst simultaneously collecting water from each nozzle. All nozzles should deliver the same amount of liquid. Find the average delivery per nozzle. This gives Y m/ in X minutes or Y m/ per 100 m row length.
- iii) Divide the average delivery per nozzle into the volume of the spray tank x 1000 thus:
 Volume of spray tank x 1000 = Number of rows of 100 meters which can be sprayed

 Ave. delivery per nozzle in m/
- iv) To find the amount of **MARSHAL 48 EC** to be added per tank load, one must multiply the Marshal 480 EC dosage required, viz. 50 m//100 m row length or 40 m//100 m row length, by the number of rows (determined above) that can be sprayed.
- v) Mix this amount of **MARSHAL 48 EC** with an equivalent amount of water. Mix thoroughly and pour into the spray tank. Top up the tank with clean water while agitating.

NOTE: Ensure that each nozzle delivers at least 450 m/ over the 100 m distance. On this basis a spray tank with a capacity of 150 / will hold enough spray mixture for 3 ha of maize planted in 0,9 m rows.

PREVENTIVE TREATMENT:

CROP/PEST	APPLICATION RATE	REMARKS
MAIZE Nematodes Protostrophus (ground weevils) Leafhopper (Vector of Streak Virus Disease) False wire worms	40ml / 100 m planting furrow in not less than 400 ml water	This treatment will only suppress black maize beetle and stalk borer
All of the pests listed above, plus	50 m² / 100 m planting	This treatment will control

Black maize beetle and Stalk borer	furrow in not less than 400 ml water	Stalk borer for up to 6 weeks.

B. Corrective control of Protostrophus (ground weevils) in maize

Apply **MARSHAL 48 EC** when the first signs of infestation on the young seedlings are noticed. The sprayer should be rigged up in such a way that each nozzle sprays a band 300 mm wide over the maize row. In order to achieve good coverage calibrate the sprayer to deliver 2 ℓ of spray mixture per 100 m row length.

CROP/PEST	APPLICATION RATE	REMARKS
MAIZE Protostrophus (ground weevils)	10ml in 2l water /100m row	Ground weevils will only be killed after feeding – limited insect damage can therefore still occur after application to young plant.

C. Early corrective control of 1st and 2nd generation maize stalk borer (*Busseola fusca*) and sorghum stalk borer (*Chilo partellus*) in maize, sorghum and sweetcorn

Apply MARSHAL 48 EC in tank mixture with a registered pyrethroid eg. Fury 10 EW (L6696), Sumi-Alpha 200 EC (L6452) or Sumi-Alpha 200 EW (L8821) once the first signs of shot-hole damage are observed and not later than 10% of the plants show shot-hole damage on leaves. Follow all directions for use on the relevant pyrethroid label.

EARLY CORRECTIVE TREATMENT:

CROP/PEST	APPLICATION RATE/HA	REMARKS
MAIZE SORGHUM SWEETCORN Maize stalkborer (Busseola fusca) Sorghum stalk borer (Chilo partellus)	420 ml + 80 ml Fury 10 EW or + 50 ml Sumi-Alpha 200 EC or + 50ml Sumi-Alpha 200 EW	For optimal efficacy apply Marshal in tank mix with a registered pyrethroid as an early corrective spray against young larvae. Treatment must be applied before the larvae enter the stalks otherwise control will be adversely affected. Do not apply to plants that are drought stressed. Systemic activity declines in mature plants. Only apply to plants that are actively growing and no later than the stage when the tassels/ears are enclosed by the flag leaf. Ground application : Apply as an early corrective treatment in 300 l/ha when young larvae are noticed and for stalk borer not later than when 10% of the plants show shot-hole damage. A second application 10 – 12 days later may be necessary when larvae are bigger than 10mm or re-infestation occurs. Aerial application : As above. Apply in 30 – 40 l/ha.

D. Control of Aphids in Cotton.

Apply **MARSHAL 48 EC** as a full cover spray in sufficient water to thoroughly wet the foliage (ground application) and in a minimum of 30 *I* of water per hectare (aerial application).

CROP/PEST	APPLICATION RATE	REMARKS
COTTON Cotton aphid (Aphis gossypii)	Plants up to 60 cm in height – 500 ml/ha. Plants taller than 60 cm – 750 ml/ha	Commence spraying when aphids are noted in dry land cotton or when honeydew is noted in irrigation cotton.

E. Control of Budmite in grapevines.

Budmite migrate to new growth in the spring from their over wintering position, thus application is made during the migratory stage.

CROP/PEST	APPLICATION RATE	REMARKS
GRAPEVINES Budmite (Colomerus vitis)	50 mℓ/100 ℓ water	Apply three sprays. The first when shoots are 5 – 10 cm long. The second and third at 14 day intervals after the first.*

• NOTE: Contact ARC-Infruitec Nietvoorbij for their latest recommendation.

Marshal® and Fury® are registered trademarks of FMC Corporation, USA Sumi-Alpha® is the registered trademark of Sumitomo Chemical Company, Japan