



2025 New Zealand Portfolio Guide

Advancing Chemistry to Advance New Zealand Agriculture

About FMC

FMC is an Agricultural Sciences Company that advances farming through innovation and sustainable crop protection technologies.

From our industry-leading discovery pipeline to unique application systems, to modern biological products, we are passionate about bringing new solutions to growers around the world.

For more than 130 years, we've been engrained in agriculture and innovation. Today, FMC continues to earn the trust of growers and industry partners by maximising their productivity, profitability and sustainability.

Our team of 100 people across Australia and New Zealand is guided by FMC's values: Integrity, Safety, Sustainability, Respect for People, Agility, and Customer Centricity. It is what sets FMC apart, and is key to our long-term growth.

FMC has manufacturing operations worldwide, including in Australia. Our Wyong, Australia facility has been manufacturing quality crop protection products, working to strict safety, environmental and quality standards, for more than 30 years.

To learn more, visit ag.fmc.com/nz

Any product referred to in this brochure must be used strictly as directed, and in accordance with all instructions on the label for that product and in other applicable reference material. So far as it is lawfully able to do so, FMC Australasia Pty Ltd accepts no liability or responsibility for loss or damage arising from failure to follow such directions and instructions. This brochure is not a suitable replacement for full label information. Always refer to product label before applying any FMC product.

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Authority[®] SC is a pre-emergence herbicide which is taken up through plant roots as they emerge through treated soil. Authority[®] SC may also be taken up through the foliage of plants which are present at the time of treatment.

| Active ingredient | 480 g/ L Sulfentrazone |
|-------------------------|--|
| Mode of Action | GROUP 14 HERBICIDE Inhibitor of protoporphyrinogen oxidase (PPO) |
| Formulation | Suspension concentrate (SC) |
| Pack sizes | 1L |
| Registered crops | Buttercup Squash, Potato, Pumpkin |
| Application rate | 300 mL to 470 mL/ ha. |
| Surfactant | Not required |
| Spray application | Apply to a dry soil in sufficient water to obtain even coverage with calibrated ground spraying equipment (not air assisted) before both weeds and crop have emerged. |
| Application timing | Apply after final ridging and before weed emergence. |
| Re-cropping interval | 12 Months: Barley, Capsicums, Carrots, Cereals, Chick peas, Fava beans, Field peas, Green beans, Lentils, Lupins, Navy beans, Oats, Onions, Potatoes, Processing peas, Pumpkin, Rock melons, Ryecorn, Squash, Triticale, Watermelons, Wheat, Zucchini. 18 months: Maize, Sweet corn. 24 months: Beets, Brassicas, all other crops. Refer to the product label for further advice. |
| Withholding periods | Harvest: Not required when used as directed. |





For selective control of certain grass weeds in autumn and spring sown Barley, Wheat and Perennial ryegrass crops and in Pasture.

| Active ingredient | 69 g/L fenoxaprop-p-ethyl and 34.5 g/L cloquintocet-mexyl |
|----------------------|--|
| Mode of Action | GROUP 1 HERBICIDE Inhibitor of acetyl CoA carboxylase (ACCase) |
| Formulation | Emulsion, Oil-in-Water (EW) |
| Pack sizes | 10 L |
| Registered crops | Barley, Wheat, Perennial ryegrass, Pasture |
| Application rate | 750 mL/ha |
| Surfactant | Wheat and Barley only: Add adjuvant oil at recommended rates. Refer to the product label. |
| Spray application | Ground application: Apply in a minimum of 250 L/ha water through an accurately calibrated boom sprayer. |
| Application timing | Apply when weeds are actively growing between the 3 leaf visible stage and the end of tillering. In established pasture apply 7 days after grazing during December/January. |
| Re-cropping interval | Refer to the product label or contact your local FMC representative for the latest advice. |
| Withholding periods | BARLEY AND WHEAT: Harvest: Not required when used as directed. Grazing: DO NOT graze treated crop for at least 70 days after treatment. PERENNIAL RYEGRASS: Harvest: Not required when used as directed. Grazing: DO NOT graze treated crop for at least 42 days after treatment. PASTURE: Grazing: DO NOT graze treated pasture for at least 28 days after treatment. |





For the selective post-emergence control of broadleaf weeds in Barley, Wheat and Oats.

| Active ingredient | 750 g/kg chlorsulfuron |
|----------------------|--|
| Mode of Action | GROUP 2 HERBICIDE |
| Formulation | Water Dispersible Granule (WG) |
| Pack sizes | 200 gm |
| Registered crops | Barley, Wheat and Oats. (DO NOT spray Glean [®] Herbicide on cereal crops undersown with clover or lucerne) |
| Application rate | 20 g/ha |
| Surfactant | Add a non-ionic surfactant at recommended rates. |
| Spray application | Ground application: Apply in a minimum of 60 L/ha water through an accurately calibrated boom sprayer. |
| Application timing | Apply to young actively growing weeds (less than 5cm tall or across) before the crop canopy closes in, from the 2 leaf stage of the crop but before the boot stage. Refer to product label for advice on controlling thistles. |
| Re-cropping interval | Wheat & Oats: WITHIN 3 months, following harvest and WITHIN 12 months pasture, green feed crops (Brassicas), Peas & Lucerne In the event of a crop failure, DO NOT replant to any other crop other than wheat or oats within 3 months of applying Glean [®] . Following harvest of the cereal crop, and within 12 months of the Glean [®] application, the paddock can be sown down into pasture, greenfeed crops (brassicas), peas or lucerne. DO NOT replant any other crop without first consulting the local FMC Representative. |
| Withholding periods | Harvest: Not required when used as directed. Grazing: DO NOT graze treated crops for at least 42 days after treatment. |





For the selective post-emergence control of broadleaf weeds in Wheat, Barley and Oats, and, when applied in a tank mixture with a glyphosate herbicide, for improved control of tough broadleaf weeds 14 days before the establishment of certain arable crops.

| Active ingredient | 750 g/kg tribenuron-methyl |
|----------------------|---|
| Mode of Action | GROUP 2 HERBICIDE |
| | Inhibitor of acetolactate synthase (ALS) |
| Formulation | Water Dispersible Granule (WG) |
| Pack sizes | 200 gm, 1 Kg, |
| Registered crops | Wheat, Barley, Oats, Brassicas, Cereals, Maize, New pastures, Peas, Potatoes or Squash. |
| Application rate | 15 g – 40 g/ha (weed and application timing dependent). Refer to the product label. |
| Surfactant | Add a non-ionic surfactant at recommended rates. |
| Spray application | Ground application: Apply in a minimum of 60 L/ha water through an accurately calibrated boom sprayer. |
| Application timing | In Cereals, apply to young actively growing weeds (less than 5cm tall or across) before crop canopy closes in, from the 2 leaf of the crop, but before the boot stage. |
| Re-cropping interval | Conservation tillage: DO NOT sow crops within 14 days of applying Granstar [®] herbicide. DO NOT sow brassica species into Granstar [®] treated areas if soil pH exceeds 6.5. DO NOT apply Granstar [®] within 2 months of a lime application. |
| Withholding periods | Grazing: Not required when used as directed. However, grazing or cultivation of treated areas should be delayed for 3 days as part of good agricultural practice. |



Hammer[®]Force

Product Overview

For improved control of broadleaf weeds when applied with a knockdown herbicide, before the establishment of various crops and in non-agricultural areas. Also, when tank mixed with an appropriate partner herbicide, for improved early post-emergence control of broadleaf weeds in cereals and grass seed crops, and for the desiccation of Seed potato haulms.

| Active ingredient | 240 g/L carfentrazone-ethyl |
|----------------------|---|
| Mode of Action | GROUP 14 HERBICIDE |
| | Inhibitor of protoporphyrinogen oxidase (PPO) |
| Formulation | Emulsion, Oil in Water (EW). |
| Pack sizes | 1 L, 4 L |
| Registered crops | Weed control prior to planting crops or pastures, Grass seed crops, Wheat, Barley, Seed Potato haulm desiccation. |
| Application rate | 70 mL – 250 mL/ha. Refer to the product label. |
| Surfactant | Only recommended with Haulm desiccation of potatoes (25 mL/ 100 L of a non-ionic surfactant). |
| Spray application | Pre-plant burndown: Apply in a minimum of 60 L/ha water through an accurately calibrated boom sprayer. In-crop: Apply in a minimum of 100 L/ha water through an accurately calibrated boom sprayer. Haulm desiccation: Apply in a minimum of 200 L/ha water through an accurately calibrated boom sprayer. |
| Application timing | Pre-plant burndown: Application should be made to small, actively growing weeds generally before the 6 to 8 leaf growth stage. In-crop: Ideally crops should be at the 3 leaf to early/mid tillering stage prior to canopy closure. |
| Re-cropping interval | Refer to the product label or contact your local FMC representative for the latest advice |
| Withholding periods | Harvest: Seed Potatoes:14 days (DO NOT spray on crops with exposed tubers). Grazing: Not required. However, grazing too early after application may result in reduced weed control. |



Harmony[®] 50SG

Product Overview

For selective post-emergence control of buttercups and dock in Pasture, Wheat, Barley and Oats and for use in conservation tillage.

| Active ingredient | 500 g/kg thifensulfuron-methyl |
|----------------------|---|
| Mode of Action | GROUP2HERBICIDEInhibitor of acetolactate synthase (ALS) |
| Formulation | Water Dispersible Granule (WG) |
| Pack sizes | 150 gm |
| Registered crops | Pasture, Wheat, Barley, Oats, Brassicas, Cereals, Maize, New pastures, Peas, Potatoes or Squash. DO NOT apply to Grass or Clover seed crops or Hay crops. |
| Application rate | 30 g/ha. Refer to label for further advice |
| Surfactant | Yes (Wheat, Barley and Oats only) |
| Spray application | Pre-plant burndown: Apply in a minimum of 60 L/ha water through an accurately calibrated boom sprayer In-crop or Pasture: Apply with 100 L – 300 L/ha water through an accurately calibrated boom sprayer. |
| Application timing | Pre-plant burndown: Application should be made to small, actively growing weeds. Wheat, Barley, Oats: Apply to young actively growing weeds (less than 5cm tall or across) before crop canopy closes in from the 2 leaf stage of the crop, but before the boot stage. Pastures: Apply in spring 1-2 weeks after the area has been grazed and the maximum number of weed seedlings and young plants are present. Follow up treatments may be required. |
| Re-cropping interval | Conservation tillage: DO NOT sow crops for 14 days following application. |
| Withholding periods | Grazing: DO NOT graze treated areas for 7 days after application. |





A pre-emergence residual herbicide for control of certain broadleaf and grass weeds in Carrots, Peas, Pumpkin, Buttercup Squash, Potatoes, Dwarf Green Beans, Oilseed Rape, Fodder Beet and certain Fodder, Seed and Vegetable Brassicas.

| Active ingredient | 360 g/L clomazone |
|----------------------|--|
| Mode of Action | GROUP13HERBICIDEInhibitor of carotenoid biosynthesis (DOXP inhibitor) |
| Formulation | Capsule suspension (CS) |
| Pack sizes | 1 L, 5 L |
| Registered crops | Carrots, Dwarf green beans,, Peas, Pumpkins, Buttercup squash, Potatoes, Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Kohlrabi, Forage and Seed Brassicas, Oilseed rape and Fodder Beet. |
| Application rate | 150 – 660 mL/ha (crop and soil type dependent). Refer to the product label. |
| Surfactant | Not required. |
| Spray application | Apply in a minimum of 150 L/ha water through an accurately calibrated boom sprayer with a minimum coarse spray quality. |
| Application timing | Pre-emergent. Apply to a moist, firm seedbed free from clods, before both weeds and crop have emerged. |
| Re-cropping interval | If 660 mL/ha was used, replant only with Cucurbits, and Legumes (Peas, Beans, etc.) within 4 months of application. If 250 - 330 mL/ha was used, the labelled crops may be re- planted immediately. Other crops: Contact your local FMC representative for the latest advice. |
| Withholding periods | Not required when used as directed. |





A post-emergence contact herbicide for use with knock down herbicides to improve control of certain broadleaf weeds including mallows in horticulture crops including orchards and vineyards. Applied alone through shielded spray equipment for desuckering of grapevines and for shoot control in hops and primocane control in brambles and cane fruit. For desiccation of Seed Potato haulms.

| Active ingredient | 60 g/L carfentrazone-ethyl |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Made of Astion | GROUP 14 HERBICIDE |
| Mode of Action | Inhibitor of protoporphyrinogen oxidase (PPO) |
| Formulation | Micro-emulsion (ME) |
| Pack sizes | 1 L, 5 L |
| Registered crops | Grapevines, Berry fruit, Hops, Seed Potato Haulm desiccation, pre-planting ground preparation and to assist in weed control in non-crop situations. |
| Application rate | Desuckering: 300 mL - 400 mL/100 L (crop and situation specific). Refer to the product label. Weed Control: 200 mL – 400 mL/ha Seed Potato Haulm desiccation: 1 L/ha. |
| Surfactant | General weed control: Li 700 at 0.25 L/100 L water is recommended to aid in the control of drift. |
| Spray application | Ground application: Appy in 100 L – 300 L/ha water through an accurately calibrated boom sprayer. Desuckering: Use sufficient spray volume to ensure that the spray solution thoroughly wets the foliage and stems of unwanted suckers to the point of run-off. |
| Application timing | Grapevines: Apply to suckers less than 300 mm long, before any lignification is present on the sucker growth. Berry fruit: Apply to primocanes not exceeding 25 cm in length as a directed high-volume spray. Hops: Apply as a directed spray to shoots when the Hops are 2 metres tall and spray not more than 1 metre from the base of the plant. Haulm desiccation: Apply in the later stages of senescence to provide desiccation of Potato foliage and vines. A second application at 7 days may be required on vigorous varieties. General weed control: Small actively growing weeds ideally between the 2 to 6 leaf stage free of any biotic or abiotic stresses. |
| Re-cropping interval | Not required when used as directed. |
| Withholding periods | Harvest: GRAPEVINES & HOPS: 30 days. BERRYFRUIT (raspberries and brambles): 21 days. POTATOES: 14 days. DO NOT spray on crops with exposed tubers. Grazing: Not required when used as directed. However, grazing too early after application may result in reduced weed control. |





For the control of broad leaf weeds in CleanCrop[™] Brassica varieties including Kale, Rape, Turnips (leafy and bulb) and Swedes.

| Active ingredient | 750 g/kg chlorsulfuron |
|----------------------|---|
| Mode of Action | GROUP 2 HERBICIDE |
| | Inhibitor of acetolactate synthase (ALS) |
| Formulation | Water Dispersible Granule (WG) |
| Pack sizes | 20 g, 100 g |
| Registered crops | Cleancrop™ Brassica varieties only |
| Application rate | 20 g/ha |
| Surfactant | Post-emergent applications only: add a non-ionic surfactant at the manufacturer's recommendations unless mixing with another product which contains surfactant. |
| Spray application | Ground application: Apply in minimum of 60 L/ha water through an accurately calibrated boom sprayer. |
| Application timing | Post plant but pre-emergent (PSPE) to the brassica crop or from the 4-leaf stage of the Brassica crop. DO NOT apply to emerging or cotyledon leaf stage Brassica crops. DO NOT apply after the 6 - 8 leaf crop stage. |
| Re-cropping interval | In the event of a crop failure DO NOT replant to any other crop other than Cleancrop [™] Kale, Rape, Turnip (leafy and bulb) and Swede varieties or Wheat or Oats within 3 months of applying Telar [®] Herbicide. Following harvest of the Forage brassica crop, and at least 3 months after the Telar [®] Herbicide application, the paddock can be sown down into pasture or a cereal crop. DO NOT replant any other crop without first consulting the local FMC representative or PGGW Seeds representative. |
| Withholding periods | Grazing: DO NOT graze Leafy turnips or Rape for 28 days following application. DO NOT graze Bulb turnips or Swedes for 42 days following application. DO NOT graze Kale for 14 weeks following application. |



Altacor®

Product Overview

Altacor[®] is particularly active on Lepidopteran insect pests, primarily as a larvicide. For the control of leafroller caterpillars and codling moth in Apples, Pears and Nashi Pears. And for the control of leafroller caterpillars in Avocados.

| Active ingredient | 350 g/kg Chlorantraniliprole | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| Mode of Action | GROUP 28 INSECTICIDE | |
| | Ryanodine receptor modulators | |
| Formulation | Water dispersible granule (WG) | |
| Pack sizes | 180 g | |
| Registered crops | Pome fruit including Apples, Nashi Pears, Pears, Avocados | |
| Application rate | Dilute spraying 9g / 100 L | |
| Surfactant | Non-ionic surfactant. | |
| Spray application | Make no more than 2 applications per season. | |
| Application timing | Apply when monitoring indicates thresholds are exceeded. | |
| Withholding periods | Harvest: Apples, Avocados, Nashi Pears, Pears: DO NOT harvest for 14 days after application. Grazing: DO NOT feed treated produce to livestock to graze within treated orchards. | |





For the control of Codling moth and leafroller caterpillar in Apples and Pears. For the control of leafrollers in Grapes.

| Active ingredient | 300 g/kg Indoxacarb | |
|---------------------|--|--|
| Mode of Action | GROUP 22A INSECTICIDE | |
| Formulation | Water dispersible granule (WG) | |
| Pack sizes | 400 g | |
| Registered crops | Apples, Pears, Grapes | |
| Application rate | 17-20 g/100L | |
| Surfactant | Non-ionic surfactant | |
| Spray application | Ensure thorough spray coverage. | |
| Application timing | Apples, Pears: Apply at petal fall and repeat at 14 day intervals. Alternatively monitor insect populations as per IFP guidelines and apply Avaunt [®] 30WG insecticide when thresholds are exceeded. DO NOT apply more than four times in any one season. Grapes: Apply at 80% capfall, with a second application if required, up to pre- bunch closure. Allow a minimum interval of 14 days between applications. | |
| Withholding periods | Apples, Pears, Grapes: DO NOT apply within 5 days of harvest. | |





For the control of certain insect pests in Onions, Potatoes and Field Tomatoes.

| Active ingredient | 100 g/L Cyantraniliprole | |
|---------------------|---|--|
| Mode of Action | GROUP 28 INSECTICIDE | |
| | Ryanodine receptor modulators | |
| Formulation | Oil dispersion | |
| Pack sizes | 5 L | |
| Registered crops | Potatoes, Field Tomatoes, Onions | |
| Application rate | 500 mL/ha | |
| Surfactant | Non-ionic surfactant | |
| Spray application | Ensure complete and thorough spray coverage. DO NOT apply more than 3 applications per crop per season. | |
| Application timing | Regularly scout crops to monitor pest levels. Apply when pests reach threshold levels. | |
| | Onions, Potatoes : DO NOT apply later than 14 days before harvest. | |
| Withholding periods | Field Tomatoes : DO NOT apply later than 3 days before harvest. | |
| | Grazing : DO NOT graze or feed treated produce to livestock. | |
| | | |





For the control of certain species of insect pests in a range of vegetable crops.

| Active ingredient | 200 g/L Chlor | 200 g/L Chlorantraniliprole | |
|------------------------|---|---|--|
| Mode of Action | GROUP | 28 | INSECTICIDE |
| | Ryanodine ree | ceptor i | modulators |
| Formulation | Suspension C | oncent | trate (SC) |
| Pack sizes | 1 L | | |
| Registered crops | Cabbage, Car Leafy vegetat | uliflowe les incl | including: Broccoli, Brussels sprouts, r, Lettuce (leaf and closed head varieties), luding – Silverbeet, Spinach and Asian Pak choy and Wong bok, Potatoes. |
| Application rate | 100 mL/ha | | |
| Surfactant | Non-ionic sur | factant | |
| Spray application | | | applications are to be made to any one crop o consecutive sprays |
| Application timing | 0, | • | s to monitor for eggs and larvae. Target and newly hatched larvae before they become |
| Withholding periods | harvest for 7 of Lettuce, Silve harvest for the Potatoes: DO | days aff r Beet, ree day NOT h | ussel Sprouts, Cabbage, Cauliflower: DO NOT ter application. Spinach and Asian vegetables: DO NOT s after application. arvest for 14 days after application. Grazing: ed treated produce to stock |

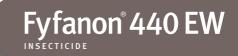




For the control of certain insect pests in Fodder Brassicas.

| Active ingredient | 100 g/L Cyantraniliprole |
|------------------------|---|
| | GROUP 28 INSECTICIDE |
| Mode of Action | Ryanodine receptor modulators |
| Formulation | Suspo-emulsion |
| Pack sizes | 1 L, 5 L |
| Registered crops | Fodder Brassicas, Fodder Beets |
| Application rate | 150 mL/ha |
| Surfactant | Non-ionic surfactant |
| Spray application | Ensure complete and thorough spray coverage. DO NOT apply more than three (3) applications to any one crop per season and no more than two consecutively. Further treatments should be made with alternative mode of action insecticides. Boom spray or aerial application. |
| Application timing | Regularly scout crops to monitor for eggs and larvae. Apply when insects or damage first appear and before a build-up of pest numbers. Repeat at 2 - 3 week intervals as required by pest activity. |
| Withholding periods | Fodder Brassicas: DO NOT graze or feed treated produce to livestock within 14 days of application. |
| | Fodder Beets: DO NOT graze or feed treated produce to livestock within 28 days of application. |





Broad-spectrum organophosphate insecticide to control many insect pests in horticultural and agricultural crops.

| Active ingredient | 440g/L Malathion | |
|---------------------|--|--|
| Mode of Action | GROUP 1B INSECTICIDE | |
| | Acetylcholinesterase inhibitors | |
| Formulation | Water emulsion (EW) | |
| Pack sizes | 10 L | |
| Registered crops | Avocados, Grapes, Citrus, Pipfruit, Stonefruit and Vegetables | |
| Application rate | 230 to 340 mL/100 L | |
| Surfactant | Not required | |
| Spray application | Apply using well maintained and accurately calibrated spray equipment. | |
| Application timing | Apply when thresholds are exceeded. | |
| Withholding periods | Fruit, Vegetables Sweet corn - 3 days. | |



Steward[®] eVo

Product Overview

Steward[®] eVo Insecticide is a highly effective insecticide for Brassica Vegetables, including Broccoli, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Head Lettuce (field).

| Active ingredient | 150 g/L Indoxacarb |
|------------------------|--|
| Mode of Action | GROUP 22A INSECTICIDE |
| | Sodium channel blockers |
| Formulation | Emulsifiable Concentrate (EC) |
| Pack sizes | 1 L, 5 L |
| Registered crops | Cabbage, Cauliflower, Broccoli, Brussel Sprouts, Head lettuce (outdoors) |
| Application rate | 500 mL/ha |
| Surfactant | Not required |
| Spray application | Use enough water to ensure thorough coverage of the crop. Adjust water volume to crop stage (200 – 800 L/ha). |
| Application timing | Apply at first sign of insect presence and repeat at 7 – 14 day intervals. Alternatively monitor insect populations and apply when economic thresholds are reached. DO NOT apply more than 2 sequential applications, and/or more than 4 applications per crop. |
| Withholding periods | Vegetable Brassicas and Head Lettuce (outdoors) : DO NOT apply within 3 days of harvest. |





For Psyllid control in Potatoes and Tomatoes.

| Active ingredient | 2.5 g/L Acrinathrin plus 12.6 g/L Abamectin |
|------------------------|---|
| Mode of Action | GROUP 3 INSECTICIDE |
| | GROUP 6 INSECTICIDE |
| Formulation | Oil in water emulsion |
| Pack sizes | 5 L |
| Registered crops | Potatoes, Tomatoes |
| Application rate | 850 mL/ha |
| Surfactant | Always add either a non-ionic surfactant or a crop oil concentrate adjuvant at label rates. |
| Spray application | Apply using well maintained and accurately calibrated spray equipment. |
| Application timing | Apply at first sign of psyllid then at 7 to 14 day intervals. Use the shorter interval under high pest pressure. Apply two to four consecutive applications and follow with an alternative mode of action insecticide. Use a maximum of four applications in a single season. |
| Withholding periods | Tomatoes : DO NOT apply within 3 days of harvest. Potatoes : DO NOT apply within 7 days of harvest. |





Octave[®] is a DMI fungicide which may be applied as a spray treatment to Ornamentals and Stone fruit, as a dip treatment to Ornamentals and a drench treatment in Mushrooms.

| Active ingredient | 462 g/kg Prochloraz |
|---------------------|--|
| Mode of Action | GROUP 3 FUNGICIDE Demethylation inhibitors (DMI) |
| Formulation | Wettable powder (WP) |
| Pack sizes | 1 Kg |
| Registered crops | Mushrooms, Ornamentals, Stone fruit |
| Application rate | Mushrooms : 3 g/ m^2 in 1 L of water as a drench treatment. Ornamentals : 100 g/ 100 L in sufficient water to obtain thorough spray coverage. 100 g/ 100 L as a dip. Stone fruit : 25 g/ 100 L. |
| Surfactant | Not required |
| Spray application | Thoroughly premix the required amount with a little water to form a slurry. Add water whilst agitating. For spray treatments maintain agitation while mixing and applying. Also agitate thoroughly after a stoppage before recommencing spraying. Use immediately after mixing. |
| Application timing | Mushrooms : Apply 7 - 9 days after casing. Ornamentals : Apply at first signs of infection and repeat at 14 day intervals. Stone fruit : Apply at pink and repeat at 7 - 10 day intervals until petal fall. Shorter intervals may be required in wet weather. Use in mixture with non-DMI fungicides and apply no more than three treatments per season. |
| Withholding periods | Mushrooms : DO NOT harvest for 10 days after application. Stone fruit : DO NOT apply after petal fall. |





For the control of certain diseases in Grapes, Berry fruit, Kiwifruit, Stone fruit, Flower crops, Ornamentals and Fine turf.

| Active ingredient | 500 g/L Iprodione | |
|---------------------|--|--|
| Mode of Action | GROUP 2 FUNGICIDE | |
| | Dicarboximide | |
| Formulation | Suspension concentrate (SC) | |
| Pack sizes | 5 L, 20 L | |
| Registered crops | Grapes, Stone fruit, Kiwi fruit, Berry fruit, Ornamentals and Fine turf | |
| Application rate | 75 – 100 mL/100 L | |
| Surfactant | The addition of a non-ionic wetter at recommended rates will improve coverage of flowers in Berry fruits. | |
| Spray application | Rates recommended are for high volume spraying to the point of run-off. Rate /100 L should be increased for concentrate spraying. Apply as a foliar spray, post-harvest dip or a seed treatment in specific crop types. | |
| Application timing | specific crop types. Grapes : Apply once or twice in the period from veraison to harvest. Stone fruit : Apply 2-3 sprays at 7 - 10 day intervals (more frequently following heavy rainfall) in the four week period prior to harvest. Kiwi fruit : Sclerotinia control: Apply at flowering and again in January if required. Botrytis control: To reduce losses from Botrytis storage rot, apply one day before harvest. Berry fruit : Apply in a programme with alternative products on a 7 - 10 day schedule from the start of flowering. Reserve use for when infection pressures are high, particularly in the preharvest period. Flower & Ornamentals : Use at 10 - 14 day intervals particularly during periods of high disease pressure. Fine turf: Apply at 14 - 21 day intervals from the first sign of infection or when conditions favour infection. Use the high rate when disease conditions are severe. Use in an alternating programme with non-dicarboximide fungicides. | |
| Withholding periods | Grapes : DO NOT harvest for 1 day after application. Stone fruit : DO NOT harvest for 1 day after application. Kiwi fruit : DO NOT harvest for 1 day after application. Berry fruit : DO NOT harvest for 1 day after application. | |





Rovral[®] WP is an excellent base fungicide to control many different diseases in Grapes, Stone fruit, Kiwi fruit, Berry fruit, Glasshouse tomatoes, Ornamentals and as a seed treatment for the control of white rot in Onions and Rhizoctonia and Alternaria in Brassicas.

| Active ingredient | 500 g/kg lprodione | |
|------------------------|---|--|
| Mode of Action | GROUP 2 FUNGICIDE | |
| | Dicarboximide | |
| Formulation | Wettable powder (WP) | |
| Pack sizes | 15 Kg | |
| Registered crops | Grapes, Stone fruit, Kiwi fruit, Berry fruit, Glasshouse tomatoes, Onions, Brassicas, Flowers and Ornamentals | |
| Application rate | Foliar: 75 - 150 g* / 100L. Post-harvest dip:Stone fruit 100 g/100L. Seed treatments:Onions:250g/kg seed. Brassicas:5 g/kg seed. | |
| Surfactant | The addition of a non-ionic wetter at recommended rates will improve coverage of flowers in Berryfruits. | |
| Spray application | See Application timing. | |
| Application timing | See Application timing. Grapes : Apply once or twice in the period from veraison to harvest. Stone fruit : Apply 2-3 sprays at 7 - 10 day intervals (more frequently following heavy rainfall) in the four week period prior to harvest. Kiwi fruit : Sclerotinia control: Apply at flowering and again in January if required. Botrytis control: To reduce losses from Botrytis storage rot, apply one day before harvest. Berry fruit : Apply in a programme with alternative products on a 7 - 10 day schedule from the start of flowering. Reserve use for when infection pressures are high, particularly in the preharvest period. Glasshouse tomatoes : Use in a programme with alternative products at 10 - 14 day intervals as an overall spray (or direct to the flowers in fruit setting hormone). Commence application when the second truss is in flower. Ornamentals : Use at 10 - 14 day intervals particularly during periods of high disease pressure. Rovral® WP is selective to a broad range of Flower and Ornamental crops. If unsure about selectivity check by spraying 1 - 2 plants prior to general use. | |
| Withholding periods | Grapes : DO NOT harvest for 1 day after application. Stone fruit : DO NOT harvest for 1 day after application. Kiwi fruit : DO NOT harvest for 1 day after application. Berry fruit : DO NOT harvest for 1 day after application. ** DO NOT use on Rabbiteye blueberry cvrs. Glass house tomatoes : DO NOT harvest for 3 days after application. | |





Fungicide for disease control in Barley, Wheat, Ornamentals, Radiata and a key anthracnose product to achieve better quality fruit in Avocados.

| Active ingredient | 450 g/L Prochloraz |
|---------------------|--|
| Mode of Action | GROUP 3 FUNGICIDE |
| Formulation | Emulsion in water (EW) |
| Pack sizes | 5 L |
| Registered crops | Avocados, Barley, Wheat, Ornamentals and Radiata pine seedlings. |
| Application rate | Avocados : Post-harvest dip: 110 mL/200 L of water Post-harvest spray: 55 mL/100 L of water Barley, Wheat : 1 L/ha Ornamentals : 100 ml/100 L Radiata pine seedlings : 1.5L/ha. |
| Surfactant | 1 L/ha |
| Spray application | Avocados : Immerse fruit for 30 seconds. Treat no more than 2 tonnes of fruit (approx 400 packed trays) per 200 L dip solution. Barley, Wheat : Ground rig. Ornamentals : Apply at first signs of infection and repeat at 14 day intervals. As a dip, immerse whole plants in dip treatment prior to shipping. Radiata Pine seedlings : Apply as a protectant spray at 7 - 14 day intervals. Use the shorter spray interval under severe infection pressure |
| Application timing | Avocados : Post harvest. Barley, Wheat : Dependent on disease type and pressure. Application can be made from first true leaf and tillering through to flag leaf and ear emergence. |
| Withholding periods | Wheat, Barley : DO NOT harvest for 42 days after application |
| | WAVE DEAD AND FOLLOW LADEL DIDECTIONS |

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For further information please visit ag.fmc.com/nz or contact your local FMC representative here:



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