SAFETY DATA SHEET Cygon 480

SDS #: FO002049-A **Revision date:** 2018-12-20

Format: NA Version 1.05



1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product Name Cygon 480

Other means of identification

Product Code(s) FO002049-A

Synonyms DIMETHOATE: O,O-dimethyl S-[2-(methylamino)-2-oxoethyl] phosphorodithioate (CAS

name); 2-dimethoxyphosphinothioylthio-N-methylacetamide (IUPAC name)

Active Ingredient(s) Dimethoate

Chemical Family Organophosphate

Alternate Commercial Name Cygon 480-AG, Cygon 480-ORN

PCP # 8277, 25651, 25650

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use: Insecticide

Restrictions on Use: Use as recommended by the label.

Supplier Address

FMC Corporation 2929 Walnut Street Philadelphia, PA 19104

(215) 299-6000 (General Information)

msdsinfo@fmc.com (E-Mail General Information)

Emergency telephone number

For leak, fire, spill or accident emergencies, call: 1 800 / 424-9300 (CHEMTREC - U.S.A.) 1 703 / 741-5970 (CHEMTREC - International) 1 703 / 527-3887 (CHEMTREC - Alternate)

Medical Emergencies:

1 800 / 331-3148 (U.S.A. & Canada)

1 651 / 632-6793 (All Other Countries - Collect)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification

OSHA Regulatory Status

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

Acute toxicity - Oral	Category 4
Acute toxicity - Inhalation (Dusts/Mists)	Category 4

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Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
Flammable liquids	Category 3

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

Warning

Hazard Statements

H302 - Harmful if swallowed

H332 - Harmful if inhaled

H319 - Causes serious eve irritation

H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H401 - Toxic to aquatic life

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects



Precautionary Statements - Prevention

- P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
- P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
- P280 Wear eye protection/ face protection
- P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking
- P233 Keep container tightly closed
- P242 Use only non-sparking tools
- P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
- P273 Avoid release to the environment

Precautionary Statements - Response

P305 + P351 + P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

- P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor
- P312 Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell
- P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention
- P303 + P361 + P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
- P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
- P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
- P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor
- P301 + P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell
- P330 Rinse mouth
- P391 Collect spillage

Precautionary Statements - Storage

- P405 Store locked up
- P403 + P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

Precautionary Statements - Disposal

P501 - Dispose of contents/container according to label directions

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

No hazards not otherwise classified were identified.

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Other Information Harmful to aquatic life.

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Family

Organophosphate.

Chemical name	CAS-No	Weight %
Dimethoate	60-51-5	30-60
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	15-30

Synonyms are provided in Section 1.

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Eye Contact Hold eyes open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison

control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Skin Contact Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20

minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Inhalation Move to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial

respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for

further treatment advice.

Immediately call a poison control center or doctor Do not induce vomiting unless advised

by a physician or qualified medical advisor. Do not give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person. Transport to a clinic or hospital immediately

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation: Dimethoate is a dangerous poison through inhalation. This material can cause organophosphorous poisoning. Symptoms of poisoning may include headache, nausea, vomiting, blurred vision, tightness in chest, drooling and frothing of mouth and nose, pulmonary edema (fluid accumulation), cyanosis (bluish discoloration of skin) convulsions, coma and death.

Skin contact: Direct skin contact may cause moderate to severe irritation. Dimethoate can be rapidly absorbed through all skin surfaces and cause symptoms similar to those listed for inhalation.

Eye contact: Direct eye contact may cause severe irritation. Dimethoate can be rapidly absorbed through all skin and eye surfaces and cause symptoms similar to those listed for inhalation.

Ingestion: Dimethoate is a dangerous poison through ingestion. Causes symptoms similar to those listed for inhalation. This product may present an aspiration hazard. Aspiration into the lungs can cause life threateninglung injury.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

This product contains a cholinesterase inhibitor affecting the central and peripheral nervous systems and producing respiratory depression. Decontamination procedures such as whole body washing, gastric lavage and administration of activated charcoal are often required. If symptoms are present, administer atropine sulphate in large doses. Two to four mg intravenously or intramuscularly, as soon as possible. Repeat at 5 to 10 minute intervals until signs of atropinization appear. Maintain full atropinization until all organophosphate is metabolized. Obidoxime chloride (Toxogonin), alternatively pralidoxime chloride (2-PAM), may be administered as an adjunct to, but not a substitute for atropine, which is a symptomatic and often life-saving antidote. Treatment with oxime should be maintained as long as atropine sulphate is administered. At first sign of pulmonary edema, the patient should be given supplemental oxygen and treated symptomatically. Continued absorption may occur and relapse may occur after initial improvement. VERY CLOSE SUPERVISION OF THE PATIENT IS INDICATED FOR AT LEAST 48 HOURS, DEPENDING ON THE

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SEVERITY OF POISONING.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing MediaDry chemical, carbon dioxide, water spray or regular foam. Avoid heavy hose streams.

Specific Hazards Arising from the

Chemical

Flammable liquid and vapor. This material will ignite when exposed to heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition (e.g. static electricity, pilot lights, or mechanical/electrical equipment). Material may decompose rapidly when exposed to heat and flame. Heat of decomposition may cause closed containers to build up pressure and explode.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon oxides; Oxides of phosphorus; oxides of sulfur; dimethyl sulfide; irritating fumes and smoke.

Explosion data

Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact Sensitivity to Static Discharge Not sensitive.

Not expected to be sensitive to static discharge.

Protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Dike to prevent runoff. Use water spray to cool fire exposed surfaces and protect personnel. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions Isolate and post spill area. Remove all sources of ignition. Wear suitable protective clothing,

gloves and eye/face protection. For personal protection see section 8.

Other For further clean-up instructions, call FMC Emergency Hotline number listed in Section 1

"Product and Company Identification" above.

Environmental Precautions Keep people and animals away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep material out of lakes,

streams, ponds, and sewer drains. Toxic to aquatic life.

Methods for Containment Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate area of release. Stop the spill at source if it is safe

to do so. Contain and absorb spilled material with inert, non-combustible absorbent material, such as sand. Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. For a water spill, confine the spill immediately with booms. Large spills that soak into the ground should be dug up, placed into suitable containers and disposed of appropriately (see

Section 13). Notify the appropriate authorities as required.

Methods for cleaning up Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling This material is a toxic liquid. Wear chemically resistant protective equipment during

handling. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Keep away from children and all unprotected persons. Do not use near sources of heat, flame or direct sunlight. Dimethoate should never be heated above 35°C. Heat only indirectly and with solvent present. Local heating with, for example, electric heating equipment or steam, may significantly increase the risk of explosion and should never take place. Keep away from incompatibles. Use caution when opening cap.

Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Storage Store in a cool, dry area away from potential sources of heat, open flames, sunlight or other

chemicals. Store at less than 25 °C, in tightly closed containers. Keep out of direct sunlight. Store in dry environment away from heat and sources of ignition, i.e., steam pipes, radiant heaters, hot air vents or welding sparks. Do not store with strong smelling materials. Containers should be visually inspected on a regular basis to detect any abnormalities

(swollen drums, increases in temperature, etc.).

Incompatible products Strong oxidizing agents, Alkalis, Amines

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

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Control parameters

Chemical name	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH	Mexico
Cyclohexanone	STEL 50 ppm	TWA: 50 ppm	IDLH: 700 ppm	Mexico: TWA 50 ppm
(108-94-1)	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 200 mg/m ³	TWA: 25 ppm	Mexico: TWA 200 mg/m ³
			TWA: 100 mg/m ³	Mexico: STEL 100 ppm
				Mexico: STEL 400 mg/m ³
Chemical name	British Columbia	Quebec	Ontario TWAEV	Alberta
Cyclohexanone	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 25 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm	TWA: 20 ppm
(108-94-1)	STEL: 50 ppm	TWA: 100 mg/m ³		TWA: 80 mg/m ³
	Skin	Skin		STEL: 50 ppm
			STEL: 50 ppm	STEL: 200 mg/m ³
			Skin	Skin

Appropriate engineering controls

Engineering measures Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits. When working in

confined spaces (tanks, containers, etc.), ensure that there is a supply of air suitable for

breathing and wear the recommended equipment.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/Face Protection Tightly fitting safety goggles. Maintain eye wash fountain and quick-drench facilities in work

area.

Skin and Body Protection Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls,

as appropriate, to prevent skin contact.

Hand Protection Impervious gloves

Respiratory Protection Respiratory protection is required. Use only with adequate ventilation. If exposure limits are

exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection should

be worn.

Hygiene measures Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not eat,

drink or smoke when using this product. Must have clean water available for washing in case of eye or skin contamination. Wash skin before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using snuff. Shower after work. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash all work clothing separately; do not mix with household laundry. Persons working with this product for a longer period should have frequent blood tests for cholinesterase levels. If the cholinesterase levels fall below a critical point, no further exposure should be allowed until it has been determined, by means of blood tests, that cholinesterase levels have

returned to normal.

General information If the product is used in mixtures, it is recommended that you contact the appropriate

protective equipment suppliers.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid suspension

Physical State Liquid

ColorColorless, Light yellowOdorSlight mercaptanOdor thresholdNo information availablepHNo information available

Melting point/freezing point < 5 °C / 41 °F

Boiling Point/RangeDecomposes @176F (80C)Flash point42 °C / 108 °F : (PMCC)Evaporation RateNo information available

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Flammability (solid, gas)

Flammability Limit in Air

No information available

Upper flammability limit: No information available Lower flammability limit: No information available Vapor pressure No information available Vapor density No information available Relative density No information available Specific gravity No information available

Water solubility **Emulsifies**

No information available Solubility in other solvents **Partition coefficient** No information available **Autoignition temperature** No information available **Decomposition temperature** No information available Viscosity, kinematic No information available Viscosity, dynamic 5-10 cps @77F (25C) **Explosive properties** No information available Oxidizing properties No information available Molecular weight No information available **Bulk density** No information available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity Stable under recommended storage conditions

Chemical Stability

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions

Hazardous polymerization

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

None under normal processing.

It is strongly advised to heat product indirectly. Above 176oF / 80oC Dimethoate willdecompose rapidly, significantly increasing the risk of inducing explosions. The decomposition is to a considerable extent dependant on time as well as temperature due to exothermic and autocatalytic reactions. The reactions involverearrangements and polymerization, releasing volatile malodorous and inflammable compounds such as

dimethylsulfide and methyl mercaptan.

Heat, flames and sparks Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight Conditions to avoid

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents, Alkalis, Amines. Hazardous Decomposition Products Dimethyl sulphide, methyl mercaptan.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Product Information

LD50 Oral 450 mg/kg (rat) (Based on a similar product) > 2000 mg/kg (rat) (Based on a similar product) LD50 Dermal

LC50 Inhalation 2.5 mg/L 4 hr (Similar product)

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Skin corrosion/irritation

Sensitization

No information available. No information available.

None known

Information on toxicological effects

Symptoms

Inhalation: Dimethoate is a dangerous poison through inhalation. This material can cause organophosphorouspoisoning. Symptoms of poisoning may include headache, nausea, vomiting, blurred vision, tightness in chest, drooling and frothing of mouth and nose, pulmonary edema (fluid accumulation), cyanosis (bluish discoloration of skin) convulsions, coma and death.

Skin contact: Direct skin contact may cause moderate to severe irritation. Dimethoate can be rapidly absorbed throughall skin surfaces and cause symptoms similar to those listed for inhalation.

Eye contact: Direct eye contact may cause severe irritation. Dimethoate can be rapidly

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absorbed through all skin and eye surfaces and cause symptoms similar to those listed for

inhalation.

Ingestion: Dimethoate is a dangerous poison through ingestion. Causes symptoms similar to those listed for inhalation. This product may present an aspiration hazard. Aspiration into the lungs can cause life threateninglung injury.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Mutagenicity Not expected to be mutagenic in humans

Carcinogenicity Not recognized as carcinogenic by Research Agencies (IARC, NTP, OSHA, ACGIH)

Reproductive toxicityNot expected to have reproductive effects.

Teratogenicity
STOT - single exposure
STOT - repeated exposure
No information available.
No information available.

Other Adverse Effects Repeated exposures to cholinesterase inhibitors, such as Dimethoate, may without warning

cause increased susceptibility to doses of any cholinesterase inhibitor.

Aspiration hazard This product presents an aspiration pneumonia hazard.

Chemical name	ACGIH	IARC	NTP	OSHA
Cyclohexanone	A3	Group 3		
108-94-1				

Legend:

ACGIH (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists)

A3 - Animal Carcinogen

IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) Group 3 - Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Persistence and degradability Non-persistent, Product is biodegradable.

Bioaccumulation Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Mobility Relatively immobile in soil.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste disposal methods Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is prohibited. If these

wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact appropriate disposal authorities for guidance. Proper personal protective equipment, as described in

Sections 7 and 8, must be worn while handling materials for waste disposal.

Contaminated Packaging Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national guidelines. Containers must be

disposed of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. Refer to the product

label for container disposal instructions.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

UN/ID no UN3229

Proper Shipping Name Self-reactive liquid, Type F

Hazard class 4.

Packing Group Not applicable

Reportable Quantity (RQ) 10 lbs (Dimethoate); 5000 lbs. (Cyclohexanone)

Marine Pollutant Dimethoate.

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Description UN3229, Self-reactive liquid, Type F (Dimethoate), 4.1, Marine Pollutant, RQ

TDG

UN/ID no UN3229

Proper Shipping Name Self-reactive liquid, Type F

Hazard class 4.7
Packing Group

Marine Pollutant Dimethoate.

Description UN3229, Self-reactive liquid, Type F (Dimethoate), 4.1, PGII, Marine Pollutant, RQ

ICAO/IATA

UN/ID no UN3229

Proper Shipping Name Self-reactive liquid, Type F

Hazard class 4.1

Packing Group Not applicable

Special Provisions "Keep away from heat" hazard label required, Cargo Air Craft only max net qty/pkg: 25 L,

Refer to Special Provision A20 and A802 prior to shipping

Description UN3229, Self-reactive liquid, Type F (Dimethoate), 4.1, Marine Pollutant, RQ

IMDG/IMO

UN/ID no UN3229

Proper Shipping Name Self-reactive liquid, Type F

Hazard class 4.1

Packing GroupNot applicableEmS No.F-J, S-GMarine PollutantDimethoate

Description UN3229, Self-reactive liquid, Type F (Dimethoate), 4.1, Marine Pollutant, RQ

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

U.S. Federal Regulations

SARA 313

Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA). This product contains a chemical or chemicals which are subject to the reporting requirements of the Act and Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 372:

Chemical name	CAS-No	Weight %	SARA 313 - Threshold Values %
Dimethoate - 60-51-5	60-51-5	30-60	1.0

SARA 311/312 Hazard Categories

Acute health hazard
Chronic health hazard
Fire hazard
Sudden release of pressure hazard
No
Reactive Hazard
No

Clean Water Act

This product contains the following substances which are regulated pollutants pursuant to the Clean Water Act (40 CFR 122.21 and 40 CFR 122.42):

Chemical name	CWA - Reportable Quantities	CWA - Toxic Pollutants	CWA - Priority Pollutants	CWA - Hazardous Substances
Acetic Anhydride 108-24-7	5000 lb			Х

CERCLA

This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302):

Chemical name	Hazardous Substances RQs	Extremely Hazardous Substances
Chemical name	Hazardous Substances RQs	T Extremely mazaroous Substances

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		RQs
Acetic Anhydride	5000 lb	
108-24-7	2270 kg	
Cyclohexanone	5000 lb	
108-94-1	2270 kg	
Dimethoate	10 lb	10 lb
60-51-5	4.54 kg	

FIFRA Information

This chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agency and is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These requirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for safety data sheets, and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals. Following is the hazard information as required on the pesticide label:

WARNING May be fatal if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing.

US State Regulations

California Proposition 65

This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

U.S. State Right-to-Know Regulations

	Chemical name	New Jersey	Massachusetts	Pennsylvania
	Dimethoate	X	X	X
	60-51-5			
	Cyclohexanone	X	X	Х
- [108-94-1			

International Inventories

Chemical name	TSCA (United States)	DSL (Canada)	EINECS/ELINC S (Europe)	ENCS (Japan)	China (IECSC)	KECL (Korea)	PICCS (Philippines)	AICS (Australia)
Dimethoate 60-51-5	X	Х	X	X	Х	X	Х	Х
Cyclohexanone 108-94-1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

Chemical name	Carcinogen Status	Mexico
Cyclohexanone		Mexico: TWA 50 ppm
		Mexico: TWA 200 mg/m ³
		Mexico: STEL 100 ppm
		Mexico: STEL 400 mg/m ³

CANADA

WHMIS Statement

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the SDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

This product is a Pest Control Product and is not regulated as a Controlled Product under the Hazardous Products Act (HPA). However, for reference purposes only, this product would have the following WHMIS Classification if it were regulated as a Controlled Product under the HPA:

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WHMIS Hazard Class B3 - Combustible liquid

D1B - Toxic materials D2B - Toxic materials

F - Dangerously reactive material

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA	Health Hazards 2	Flammability 2	Instability 1	Special Hazards -
HMIS	Health Hazards 2*	Flammability 2	Physical hazard 1	Personal Protection X

^{*}Indicates a chronic health hazard.

NFPA/HMIS Ratings Legend Severe = 4; Serious = 3; Moderate = 2; Slight = 1; Minimal = 0

Revision date: 2018-12-20

Reason for revision: SDS sections updated

Disclaimer

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End of Safety Data Sheet