SAFETY DATA SHEET

Irazu® insecticide

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: 20.01.2023
1.2	15.11.2026	50000082	Date of first issue: 03.01.2018

SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Irazu® insecticide

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Insecticide

Restrictions on use : Use as recommended by the label.

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : FMC Australasia Pty Ltd

Address : 12 Julius Avenue,
North Ryde NSW 2113
Australia

Telephone : +6161029887900

Telefax : +61610298870911

E-mail address : SDS-Info@fmc.com

Emergency telephone number : For leak, fire, spill or accident emergencies, call:
1800 033 111 (Ixom)

Medical emergency:
1 800 033 111 (Transport and 24 h Medical information)

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Skin corrosion/irritation : Category 2

Skin sensitisation : Category 1

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H315 Causes skin irritation.
H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements :

Prevention:

P261 Avoid breathing mist or vapours.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280 Wear protective gloves.

Response:

P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P333 + P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.
P362 + P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture : Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)
Cyantraniliprole	736994-63-1	10.2
propane-1,2-diol	57-55-6	< 10

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.
Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Do not leave the victim unattended.

If inhaled : Remove person to fresh air. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention.
If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
If breathing has stopped, apply artificial respiration.

In case of skin contact : Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.
If on clothes, remove clothes.
If on skin, rinse well with water.
Wash off with soap and plenty of water.
Get medical attention immediately if irritation develops and persists.
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.
Remove contact lenses.

		Protect unharmed eye. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.
If swallowed	:	Keep respiratory tract clear. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. DO NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by a physician or poison control center. Rinse mouth with water. Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages. Obtain medical attention.
Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed	:	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No special precautions are necessary for first aid responders. Avoid inhalation, ingestion and contact with skin and eyes. Immediate medical attention is required in case of ingestion. A specific antidote against this substance is not known. Gastric lavage and/or administration of activated charcoal can be considered.
Notes to physician	:	Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media	:	Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or regular foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	High volume water jet
Specific hazards during firefighting	:	Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapours. Carbon oxides Halogenated compounds Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Sulphur oxides Bromine compounds Hydrogen cyanide Chlorine compounds
Specific extinguishing methods	:	Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Remove undamaged containers from fire area if it is safe to do so. Use a water spray to cool fully closed containers. Standard procedure for chemical fires. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.
Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

Special protective equipment for firefighters : Firefighters should wear protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

Hazchem Code : •3Z

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures : Use personal protective equipment.
If it can be safely done, stop the leak.
Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.
Remove all sources of ignition.
Immediately evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Ensure adequate ventilation.
Evacuate personnel to safe areas.
Do not touch or walk through the spilled material.
Never return spills in original containers for re-use.
Mark the contaminated area with signs and prevent access to unauthorized personnel.
Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.
For disposal considerations see section 13.

Environmental precautions : Prevent product from entering drains.
Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.
If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up : Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust).
Clean contaminated surface thoroughly.
Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.
Pick up and transfer to properly labelled containers.

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against fire and explosion : Normal measures for preventive fire protection.

Advice on safe handling : Avoid formation of aerosol.
Do not breathe vapours/dust.
Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.
Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
For personal protection see section 8.
Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.
Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms.
Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations.
Persons susceptible to skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used.

Hygiene measures : Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.
This product should be used only by all personnel thoroughly trained to handle it.
Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.
Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

General industrial hygiene practice.
Do not inhale aerosol.

When using do not eat or drink.
When using do not smoke.
Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Conditions for safe storage : Store in a place accessible by authorized persons only.
Store in original container.

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.
Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.
Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards.

Further information on storage stability : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
propane-1,2-diol	57-55-6	TWA (particulate)	10 mg/m3	AU OEL
		TWA (Total (vapour and particles))	150 ppm 474 mg/m3	AU OEL

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : In the case of dust or aerosol formation use respirator with an approved filter.

Hand protection
Material : Wear chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber or nitrile rubber.

Remarks : The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves.

Eye protection : Wear a faceshield or other full face protection if there is a potential for direct contact to the face with dusts, mists, or aerosols.
Eye wash bottle with pure water
Tightly fitting safety goggles

Skin and body protection : Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.
Long sleeved clothing.
Impervious clothing
Footwear protecting against chemicals

Protective measures : Plan first aid action before beginning work with this product.
Always have on hand a first-aid kit, together with proper instructions.
Wear suitable protective equipment.
When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
In the context of professional plant protection use as recommended, the end user must refer to the label and the instructions for use.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance	:	liquid
Colour	:	off-white
Odour	:	mild, phenol-like
Odour Threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	5.6 Concentration: 10 g/l (as a dispersion)
Melting point/freezing point	:	not determined
Boiling point/boiling range	:	97 °C
Flash point	:	> 97 °C Method: closed cup

Self-ignition	:	358 °C
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	not determined
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	not determined
Vapour pressure	:	Not available for this mixture.
Relative vapour density	:	not determined
Relative density	:	0.982
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	dispersible
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Not available for this mixture.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	not determined
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	:	not determined
Viscosity, kinematic	:	661 mm2/s 25 rpm 462 mm2/s 50 rpm 335 mm2/s 100 rpm
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The product is not oxidizing.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	None known. No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.
Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid extreme temperatures Avoid formation of aerosol. Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials	:	Avoid strong acids, bases, and oxidizers
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Stable under recommended storage conditions.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 425 GLP: yes Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): > 2.4 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: OECD Test Guideline 403 Assessment: The component/mixture is minimally toxic after short term inhalation. Remarks: no mortality
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 402 GLP: yes Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Components:

Cyantraniliprole:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 425 Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): > 5.2 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: OECD Test Guideline 403 Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 402 Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

propane-1,2-diol:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat, male and female): 22,000 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC0 (Rabbit): 31.7 mg/l Exposure time: 2 h Test atmosphere: vapour Remarks: no mortality
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

Product:

Species	:	Rabbit
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 404
Result	:	Irritating to skin.
GLP	:	yes

Components:

Cyantraniliprole:

Species	:	Rabbit
Assessment	:	No skin irritation
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 404
Result	:	No skin irritation

propane-1,2-diol:

Species	:	Rabbit
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 404
Result	:	No skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No eye irritation
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405
GLP	:	yes
Remarks	:	Minimal effects that do not meet the threshold for classification.

Components:

Cyantraniliprole:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No eye irritation
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405

propane-1,2-diol:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No eye irritation
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Test Type	:	Buehler Test
Species	:	Guinea pig
Assessment	:	May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	:	Causes sensitisation.
GLP	:	yes

Components:

Cyantraniliprole:

Test Type	:	Local lymph node test
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 429
Result	:	Does not cause skin sensitisation.

propane-1,2-diol:

Test Type	:	Maximisation Test
Species	:	Guinea pig
Result	:	negative

Chronic toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment	:	Contains no ingredient listed as a mutagen

Components:

Cyantraniliprole:

Germ cell mutagenicity - Assessment	:	Tests on bacterial or mammalian cell cultures did not show mutagenic effects.

propane-1,2-diol:

Genotoxicity in vitro	:	Test Type: reverse mutation assay Result: negative

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: In vivo micronucleus test
Species: Mouse
Result: negative

Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : Contains no ingredient listed as a carcinogen

Components:

Cyantraniliprole:

Carcinogenicity - Assessment : Weight of evidence does not support classification as a carcinogen

propane-1,2-diol:

Species : Rat
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 2 Years
Result : negative

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Contains no ingredient listed as toxic to reproduction

Components:

Cyantraniliprole:

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment : Weight of evidence does not support classification for reproductive toxicity

propane-1,2-diol:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: reproductive and developmental toxicity study
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Result: negative

Effects on foetal development : Test Type: Embryo-foetal development
Species: Mouse
Application Route: Oral
Method: OECD Test Guideline 414
Result: Animal testing did not show any effects on fertility.
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Cyantraniliprole:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Cyantraniliprole:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Cyantraniliprole:

Species	:	Rat
NOAEL	:	> 1,000 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Oral
Exposure time	:	28 d
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 407
Symptoms	:	increased liver weight
Remarks	:	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

propane-1,2-diol:

Species	:	Rat, male and female
NOAEL	:	1,700 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Oral
Exposure time	:	2 Years

Species	:	Rat, male and female
NOAEL	:	1,000 mg/kg
LOAEL	:	160 mg/kg
Application Route	:	Inhalation
Exposure time	:	90 Days

Aspiration toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

Cyantraniliprole:

The substance does not have properties associated with aspiration hazard potential.

Further information

Product:

Remarks : No data available

Components:

Cyantraniliprole:

Remarks : No data available

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): 130 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.232 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Test Type: static test Method: OECD Test Guideline 202 GLP: yes
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 3.39 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.00969 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Method: OECD Test Guideline 211 GLP: yes

Components:

Cyantraniliprole:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 12.6 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h LC50 (Ictalurus punctatus (channel catfish)): > 10 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0204 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 13 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h EbC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (algae)): > 13 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h ErC50 (Lemna gibba (duckweed)): 0.278 mg/l Exposure time: 7 d EyC50 (Lemna gibba (duckweed)): 0.060 mg/l Exposure time: 7 d

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC (Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow)): 2.9 mg/l Exposure time: 28 d NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.11 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.00656 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.00969 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.00447 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d
Toxicity to soil dwelling organisms	:	LC50 (Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): > 1,000 mg/kg Exposure time: 14 d
Toxicity to terrestrial organisms	:	LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 0.0934 µg/bee Exposure time: 48 h End point: Acute contact toxicity LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 0.1055 µg/bee Exposure time: 48 h End point: Acute oral toxicity LD50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): 2,250 mg/kg

propane-1,2-diol:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 40,613 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	(Mysidopsis bahia (opossum shrimp)): 18,800 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 34,100 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: 13,020 mg/l Exposure time: 7 d
Toxicity to microorganisms	:	EC50 (Pseudomonas putida): > 20,000 mg/l Exposure time: 18 h

Persistence and degradability

Components:

Cyantraniliprole:

Biodegradability : Remarks: Not readily biodegradable.

propane-1,2-diol:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: 23.6 %
Exposure time: 64 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 306

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

Cyantraniliprole:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)
Bioconcentration factor (BCF): < 1
Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 15

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 1.97 (22 °C)
pH: 4

log Pow: 2.07 (22 °C)
pH: 7

log Pow: 1.74 (22 °C)
pH: 9

propane-1,2-diol:

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -1.07

Mobility in soil

Components:

Cyantraniliprole:

Distribution among environmental compartments : Koc: 241 ml/g, log Koc: 2.38
Remarks: Mobile in soils

Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological information : An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.
Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.
Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container.
Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.
Do not re-use empty containers.
Packaging that is not properly emptied must be disposed of as the unused product.
Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number	:	UN 3082
Proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Cyantraniliprole)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	9

IATA-DGR

UN/ID No.	:	UN 3082
Proper shipping name	:	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Cyantraniliprole)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	Miscellaneous
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft)	:	964
Packing instruction (passenger aircraft)	:	964
Environmentally hazardous	:	yes

IMDG-Code

UN number	:	UN 3082
Proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Cyantraniliprole)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	9
EmS Code	:	F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant	:	yes
Remarks	:	Environmentally hazardous substances/Marine Pollutants in single or combination packaging containing a net quantity per

single or inner packaging of 5 kg or less for solids, or having a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 L or less for liquids may be transported as non-dangerous goods as provided in special provision A197 of the IATA and section 2.10.2.7 of IMDG code.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

ADG

UN number	:	UN 3082
Proper shipping name	:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Cyantraniliprole)
Class	:	9
Packing group	:	III
Labels	:	9
Hazchem Code	:	•3Z
Remarks	:	Environmentally hazardous substances meeting the descriptions of UN 3077 or UN 3082 are not subject to the ADG Code when transported by road or rail in packagings that do not incorporate a receptacle exceeding 500 kg / liters, or IBCs

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons	:	Schedule 5

APVMA Approval number: 64103

Prohibition/Licensing Requirements	:	There is no applicable prohibition, authorisation and restricted use requirements, including for carcinogens referred to in Schedule 10 of the model WHS Act and Regulations.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TCSI	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
TSCA	:	Product contains substance(s) not listed on TSCA inventory.
AIIC	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
DSL	:	This product contains the following components that are not on the Canadian DSL nor NDSL. 3-BROMO-1-(3-CHLORO-2-PYRIDYL)-4'-CYAN-2'-METHYL-6'-(METHYLCARBAMOYL)-1H-PYRAZOLE-5-CARBOXANILIDE sodium hydroxide Benzenesulfonic acid, 4-C10-13-sec-alkyl derivs., calcium salts
ENCS	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
ISHL	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
KECI	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
PICCS	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
IECSC	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
NZIoC	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
TECI	:	Not in compliance with the inventory

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision Date	:	15.11.2026
Date format	:	dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

AU OEL	:	Australia. Workplace Exposure Standards for Airborne Contaminants.
AU OEL / TWA	:	Exposure standard - time weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International

Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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