Hammer 400EC Herbicide



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SECTION 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product name : Hammer 400EC Herbicide

Other means of identification : CARFETNRAZONE-ETHYL 400 G/L EC

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Can be used as herbicide only.

Restrictions on use : Use as recommended by the label.

Manufacturer or supplier's details

Company : FMC Australasia Pty Ltd

Address : Building B, Suite G.01, 12 Julius Avenue

North Ryde NSW 2113

Australia

Telephone : 1 800 066 355

Telefax : (02) 9923 6011

E-mail address : SDS-Info@fmc.com

Emergency telephone number : For leak, fire, spill or accident emergencies, call:

1800 033 111 (Ixom)

Medical emergency:

1 800 033 111 (Transport and 24 h Medical information)

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

GHS Classification

Flammable liquids : Category 4

Serious eye damage/eye irri-

tation

Category 1

Carcinogenicity : Category 2

Aspiration hazard : Category 1

GHS label elements

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Hazard pictograms





Signal word Danger

H227 Combustible liquid. Hazard statements

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H318 Causes serious eye damage. H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

Precautionary statements

Prevention:

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames

and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protec-

tion/ face protection/ hearing protection.

Response:

P301 + P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/ doctor.

P305 + P351 + P338 + P310 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON

CENTER/ doctor.

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/

attention.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or

alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

Storage:

P403 Store in a well-ventilated place.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste

disposal plant.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substance / Mixture Mixture

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Concentration (% w/w)	
carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO)	128639-02-1	>= 30 -< 60	

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Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.;
Kerosine — unspecified

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs.,
compds. with 2-propanamine

64742-94-5

>= 30 -< 60

>= 3 -< 10

SECTION 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Consult a physician.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Symptoms of poisoning may appear several hours later.

Do not leave the victim unattended.

If inhaled : If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical

advice

If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact : If skin irritation persists, call a physician.

If on skin, rinse well with water. If on clothes, remove clothes.

In case of eye contact : Small amounts splashed into eyes can cause irreversible tis-

sue damage and blindness.

In the case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty

of water and seek medical advice.

Continue rinsing eyes during transport to hospital.

Remove contact lenses. Protect unharmed eye.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water.

Keep respiratory tract clear. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If symptoms persist, call a physician. Take victim immediately to hospital.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

. Way b

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Causes serious eye damage. Suspected of causing cancer.

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically.

It may be helpful to show this safety data sheet to physician.

SECTION 5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable extinguishing media : Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical Regular foam Dry powder

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Unsuitable extinguishing

media

High volume water jet

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water

courses.

Hazardous combustion prod-

ucts

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Carbon oxides Chlorine compounds Fluorine compounds

Specific extinguishing meth-

ods

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This

must not be discharged into drains.

Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must

be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

For safety reasons in case of fire, cans should be stored sepa-

rately in closed containments.

Use a water spray to cool fully closed containers.

Special protective equipment :

for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if nec-

essary.

Hazchem Code : •3Z

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emer-

gency procedures

Use personal protective equipment.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Environmental precautions : Prevent product from entering drains.

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local

/ national regulations (see section 13).

Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

Do not spray on a naked flame or any incandescent material. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of

ianition.

Advice on safe handling : Avoid formation of aerosol.

Do not breathe vapours/dust.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. For personal protection see section 8.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

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plication area.

Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. To avoid spills during handling keep bottle on a metal tray. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

Hygiene measures : When using do not eat or drink.

When using do not smoke.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

Conditions for safe storage : No smoking.

Keep in a well-ventilated place.

Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and

kept upright to prevent leakage. Observe label precautions.

Electrical installations / working materials must comply with

the technological safety standards.

Recommended storage tem-

perature

< 30 °C

Further information on stor-

age stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Components with workplace control parameters

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters / Permissible concentration	Basis
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified	64742-94-5	TWA	200 mg/m3 (total hydrocarbon vapor)	ACGIH
carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO)	128639-02-1	TWA (Inhal- able particu- late matter)	1 mg/m3	ACGIH

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection : In case of mist, spray or aerosol exposure wear suitable per-

sonal respiratory protection and protective suit.

Hand protection

Material : Wear chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate,

butyl rubber or nitrile rubber.

Remarks : The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed

with the producers of the protective gloves.

Eye protection : Eye wash bottle with pure water

Tightly fitting safety goggles

Wear face-shield and protective suit for abnormal processing

problems.

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Skin and body protection : Impervious clothing

Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : liquid

Form : liquid

Colour : brown

Odour : odourless

pH : 2.5 - 6.5

Melting point/freezing point : No data available

Boiling point/boiling range : No data available

Flash point : $> 62 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$

Self-ignition : No data available

Relative density : 1.1

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility : emulsifiable

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: No data available

Explosive properties : Not explosive

Oxidizing properties : The product is not oxidizing.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Chemical stability: No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

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Possibility of hazardous reac-

tions

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Incompatible materials : Strong oxidizing agents

Strong acids and strong bases

Hazardous decomposition

products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Carbon oxides

Halogenated compounds

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Acute oral toxicity : Acute toxicity estimate: > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: Calculation method

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): 5,143 mg/kg

Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-1

Symptoms: Tremors

GLP: yes

LD50 (Rat, female): > 5,000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 425

GLP: yes

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral tox-

icity

Remarks: no mortality

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 5.09 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: EPA OPP 81 - 3

Symptoms: Tremors, chromodacryorrhea, nasal discharge

GLP: yes

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Remarks: no mortality

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 4,000 mg/kg

Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-2

GLP: yes

Assessment: The component/mixture is minimally toxic after

single contact with skin.

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Remarks: no mortality

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 4.778 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhala-

tion toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs., compds. with 2-propanamine:

Acute oral toxicity : Assessment: The component/mixture is moderately toxic after

single ingestion.

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal

toxicity

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Skin corrosion/irritation

Not classified based on available information.

Product:

Remarks : Extremely corrosive and destructive to tissue.

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Assessment : Not classified as irritant

Method : US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-5

Result : slight irritation

GLP : yes

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs., compds. with 2-propanamine:

Result : Skin irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

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Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Product:

Remarks : May cause irreversible eye damage.

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Species : Rabbit

Result : slight irritation

Assessment : Not classified as irritant

Method : EPA OPP 81-4

GLP : yes

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs., compds. with 2-propanamine:

Result : Irreversible effects on the eye

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Skin sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Exposure routes : Skin contact Species : Guinea pig

Method : US EPA Test Guideline OPP 81-6
Result : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

GLP : yes

Test Type : Local lymph node assay (LLNA)

Species : Mouse

Method : OECD Test Guideline 429

Result : Does not cause skin sensitisation.

GLP : ves

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Test Type : Maximisation Test

Species : Guinea pig

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Result : Not a skin sensitizer.

Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs., compds. with 2-propanamine:

Result : Does not cause skin sensitisation.
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Chronic toxicity

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative GLP: yes

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 476

Result: negative GLP: yes

Test Type: Ames test

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: U.S. EPA 84-2

Result: negative GLP: yes

Test Type: Ames test

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

GLP: yes

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 473

Result: negative GLP: yes

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse (male and female)

Result: negative

GLP: yes

Test Type: unscheduled DNA synthesis assay

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Species: Rat (male) Result: negative GLP: yes

Germ cell mutagenicity -

Assessment

No genotoxic potential

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: reverse mutation assay

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Method: OECD Test Guideline 471

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells

Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: Micronucleus test

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Ingestion

Result: negative

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs., compds. with 2-propanamine:

Genotoxicity in vitro : Test Type: Ames test

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Test Type: Chromosome aberration test in vitro

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Genotoxicity in vivo : Test Type: chromosome aberration assay

Result: negative

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity

Suspected of causing cancer.

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Species : Rat, female
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 2 Years

NOAEL : 3 mg/kg bw/day
LOAEL : 12 mg/kg bw/day
Method : U.S. EPA 83-5

Result : no increase in tumors observed

Target Organs : Liver

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GLP : yes

Species : Mouse, female
Application Route : Ingestion
Exposure time : 80 weeks

NOAEL : 10 mg/kg bw/day LOAEL : 110 mg/kg bw/day Method : U.S. EPA 83-5

Result : no increase in tumors observed

Target Organs : Liver GLP : yes

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Carcinogenicity - Assess-

ment

: Limited evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Multi-generation study

Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: Ingestion Fertility: NOEL: 4,000 ppm

Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rat, female Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: NOEL: 100 mg/kg bw/day Embryo-foetal toxicity: NOEL: 600 mg/kg bw/day

Result: negative

Test Type: Embryo-foetal development

Species: Rabbit, female Application Route: Oral

General Toxicity Maternal: NOEL: 150 mg/kg bw/day Embryo-foetal toxicity: NOEL: > 300 mg/kg bw/day

Result: negative

Reproductive toxicity - As-

sessment

: Animal testing showed no reproductive toxicity.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Effects on fertility : Test Type: Three-generation study

Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: Inhalation

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Result: negative

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Test Type: Pre-natal

Species: Rat

Application Route: Ingestion Symptoms: Maternal effects Method: OECD Test Guideline 414

Result: negative

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs., compds. with 2-propanamine:

Effects on foetal develop-

ment

Species: Mouse

Application Route: Oral Symptoms: Maternal effects

STOT - single exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs., compds. with 2-propanamine:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, single exposure.

STOT - repeated exposure

Not classified based on available information.

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target

organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Species : Mouse, male
NOAEL : 143 mg/kg
LOAEL : 571 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 90 days
Method : EPA 82-1
GLP : yes

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Target Organs : Blood, Liver

Species : Dog, male and female

NOEL : 150 mg/kg LOAEL : 500 mg/kg Application Route : Oral Exposure time : 90 days Target Organs : Blood

Species : Dog, male and female

NOEL : 50 mg/kg
NOAEL : 150 mg/kg
LOAEL : 500 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 12 months
GLP : yes
Target Organs : Blood

Species : Rat, male NOAEL : 58 mg/kg Exposure time : 90 d Method : EPA 82-1 GLP : yes

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Species : Rat
NOAEL : 300 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral - gavage
Exposure time : 13 weeks
Remarks : mortality

Aspiration toxicity

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

The substance does not have properties associated with aspiration hazard potential.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Neurological effects

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

No neurotoxicity observed in animal studies

Further information

Product:

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Remarks : Solvents may degrease the skin.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2.55 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h
Test Type: semi-static test

Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

LC50 (Menidia beryllina (Silverside)): 1.14 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: flow-through test

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 1.6 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Test Type: flow-through test Method: EPA OPP 72-1

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 9.8 mg/l

End point: Immobilization Exposure time: 48 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Remarks: No toxicity at the limit of solubility

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 0.0133

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

GLP: yes

NOEC (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 0.00933

mg/l

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

GLP: yes

EbC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 16 μg/l

Exposure time: 120 h

EC50 (Navicula pelliculosa (Diatom)): 12 μg/l

Exposure time: 72 h Test Type: static test

EC50 (Skeletonema costatum (Diatom)): 15 μg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

GLP: yes

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Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 22 μg/l

Exposure time: 89 d
Test Type: Early Life-Stage

Method: OECD Test Guideline 210

GLP: ves

NOEC (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.118 mg/l

Exposure time: 102 d Test Type: flow-through test

Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPP 72-4

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.309 mg/l

End point: Growth Exposure time: 21 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 202

Toxicity to microorganisms : NOEC (activated sludge): 1,000 mg/l

Test Type: Respiration inhibition Method: OECD Test Guideline 209

Toxicity to soil dwelling or-

ganisms

NOEC (Eisenia fetida (earthworms)): 820 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 216

Remarks: No significant adverse effect on nitrogen mineraliza-

tion.

Method: OECD Test Guideline 217

Remarks: No significant adverse effect on carbon mineraliza-

tion.

Toxicity to terrestrial organ-

isms

LD50 (Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)): > 5,620 ppm

End point: Acute oral toxicity

Remarks: Dietary

LD50 (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): 2,250 mg/kg

End point: Acute oral toxicity

NOEL (Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail)): 1000 ppm

End point: Reproduction Test

LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 200 μg/bee

End point: Acute oral toxicity

LD50 (Apis mellifera (bees)): > 200 µg/bee

End point: Acute contact toxicity

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Toxicity Data on Soil : Harmful to the soil environment.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Toxicity to fish : LL50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 3 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

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Method: EPA OPP 72-1

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EL50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 1.1 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

NOELR (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 0.22

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

EL50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 7.9

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOELR (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 0.103 mg/l

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: QSAR

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOELR (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.18 mg/l

Exposure time: 21 d

Method: QSAR

Persistence and degradability

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Biodegradation: 60.74 % Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 301F

Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs., compds. with 2-propanamine:

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradable.

Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Bioaccumulation : Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 176

Exposure time: 28 d

Method: OECD Test Guideline 305E Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Partition coefficient: n- : log Pow: 3.7 (20 °C)

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octanol/water

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.; Kerosine — unspecified:

Partition coefficient: nlog Pow: 3.17 - 5.6 octanol/water Method: QSAR

Mobility in soil

Components:

carfentrazone-ethyl (ISO):

Distribution among environ-

mental compartments

: Remarks: Mobile in soils

Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological infor-

mation

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal methods

Waste from residues The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water

courses or the soil.

Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemi-

cal or used container.

Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging Empty remaining contents.

Dispose of as unused product. Do not re-use empty containers.

Do not burn, or use a cutting torch on, the empty drum.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

International Regulations

UNRTDG

UN number UN 3082

Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Carfentrazone-ethyl)

9 Class Ш Packing group 9 Labels Environmentally hazardous yes

IATA-DGR

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UN/ID No. : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s.

(Carfentrazone-ethyl)

Class : 9 Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

Packing instruction (cargo

aircraft)

Packing instruction (passen-

ger aircraft)

Environmentally hazardous : yes

IMDG-Code

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

964

964

(Carfentrazone-ethyl)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Marine pollutant : yes

Remarks : Marine Pollutants in single or combination packaging contain-

ing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 L or less for liquids or having a net mass per single or inner packaging of 5 L or less for liquids may be transported as non-dangerous goods as provided in section 2.10.2.7 of IMDG code and IATA

special provision A197.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

National Regulations

ADG

UN number : UN 3082

Proper shipping name : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(Carfentrazone-ethyl)

Class : 9
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
Hazchem Code : •3Z
Environmentally hazardous : yes

Remarks : Environmentally hazardous substances meeting the descrip-

tions of UN 3077 or UN 3082 are not subject to the ADG Code when transported by road or rail in packagings that do not incorporate a receptacle exceeding 500 kg / liters, or IBCs

Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

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SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Therapeutic Goods (Poisons:

Standard) Instrument

Schedule 5 (Please use the original publication to check for specific uses, specific conditions or threshold limits that might

apply for this chemical)

APVMA Code: 63228

Prohibition/Licensing Requirements

There is no applicable prohibition, authorisation and restricted use requirements, including for carcinogens referred to in Schedule 10 of the model WHS Act and Regula-

tions.

The components of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TCSI : Not in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : Product contains substance(s) not listed on TSCA inventory.

AIIC : Not in compliance with the inventory

DSL : This product contains the following components that are not

on the Canadian DSL nor NDSL.

Fatty acid di-ester

ENCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

ISHL : Not in compliance with the inventory

KECI : Not in compliance with the inventory

PICCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

IECSC : Not in compliance with the inventory

NZIoC : Not in compliance with the inventory

TECI: Not in compliance with the inventory

SECTION 16: ANY OTHER RELEVANT INFORMATION

Revision Date : 30.09.2024

Date format : dd.mm.yyyy

Full text of other abbreviations

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ACGIH : USA. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

ACGIH / TWA : 8-hour, time-weighted average

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CMR -Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; ERG - Emergency Response Guide; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; Nch - Chilean Norm; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NOM - Official Mexican Norm; NTP - National Toxicology Program; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance: PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative; WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

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