SAFETY DATA SHEET

ALTACOR(R)

Version	Revision Date:	SDS Number:	Date of last issue: -
2.1	16.02.2022	50000012	Date of first issue: 19.02.2019

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name ALTACOR(R)

Other means of identification

Product code 50000012

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture : Can be used as insecticide only.

Recommended restrictions on use : Use as recommended by the label.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier Address

FMC Chemicals (Pty) Ltd
Company Registration Number: 1988/001451/07
West End Office Park, Building C
Cnr. West Ave & Hall Street
Centurion, 0014

E-mail address: SDS-Info@fmc.com (E-Mail General Information)

1.4 Emergency telephone

For leak, fire, spill or accident emergencies, call:
South Africa: 0-800-983-611 (CHEMTREC)

Medical emergency:
For any emergency or poisoning contact: Griffon Poison Information Centre (24 hrs) - +27-(0)-82-446-8946

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard, Category 1	H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1	H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labeling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :

Signal Word : Warning

Hazard Statements : H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements :

Prevention:

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Response:

P391 Collect spillage.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/ container to an approved waste disposal plant.

2.3 Other hazards

This mixture contains no substance considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT).
This mixture contains no substance considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).
This substance/mixture contains components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).
This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
Chlorantraniliprole	500008-45-7	Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	>= 30 - < 50
kaolin	1332-58-7 310-194-1		>= 2.5 - < 10
Lignosulfonic acid, sodium salt, sulfomethylated	68512-34-5	Eye Irrit. 2; H319	>= 1 - < 3
Silicon, amorphous	112945-52-5		>= 0.1 - < 1

Quartz (SiO2)	14808-60-7 238-878-4	STOT RE 1; H372 (Lungs)	>= 0.1 - < 1

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first-aid measures

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.
Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.
Do not leave the victim unattended.

If inhaled : If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of skin contact : Wash off with plenty of water.
Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.
Call a physician if irritation develops or persists.

In case of eye contact : Flush eyes with water as a precaution.
Remove contact lenses.
Protect unharmed eye.
Keep eye wide open while rinsing.
If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Keep respiratory tract clear.
Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.
Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
If symptoms persist, call a physician.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

None known.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Dry chemical
Carbon dioxide (CO2)
Foam
Water spray

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not spread spilled material with high-pressure water streams.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire fighting	:	Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. Nitrogen oxides (NOx) Carbon oxides Bromine compounds Chlorine compounds

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.
Further information	:	Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions	:	Avoid dust formation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment. If it can be safely done, stop the leak. Do not touch or walk through the spilled material. Never return spills in original containers for re-use. For disposal considerations see section 13.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions	:	Prevent product from entering drains. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up	:	Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See sections: 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling	:	For personal protection see section 8. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.
Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations.

Avoid formation of respirable particles.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion : Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at places where dust is formed.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

General industrial hygiene practice. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Provide adequate ventilation. Do not breathe dust or spray mist.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers : Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully re-sealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Electrical installations / working materials must comply with the technological safety standards.

Further information on storage stability : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
kaolin	1332-58-7	TWA (Respirable dust)	0.1 mg/m3	2004/37/EC
kaolin	1332-58-7	TWA (Respirable dust)	0.1 mg/m3	2004/37/EC
Quartz (SiO2)	14808-60-7	OEL- ML (respirable dust fraction)	0.1 mg/m3	ZA OEL
Further information	Occupational Exposure Limits - Maximum Limits For Hazardous Chemical Agents, denotes carcinogenicity, which is based on GHS categorisation, including category 1A, 1B			
		TWA (Respirable dust)	0.1 mg/m3	2004/37/EC

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
Chlorantraniliprole	Water	0.00045 mg/l

8.2 Exposure controls

Personal protective equipment

Eye protection	:	Eye wash bottle with pure water Tightly fitting safety goggles
Hand protection		
Material	:	Wear chemical resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber or nitrile rubber.
Remarks	:	The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves.
Skin and body protection	:	Dust impervious protective suit Choose body protection according to the amount and concentration of the dangerous substance at the work place.
Respiratory protection	:	In case of dust exposure wear suitable personal respiratory protection and protective suit.
Protective measures	:	Plan first aid action before beginning work with this product.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	:	granular
Color	:	light brown
Odor	:	slight, sweet
pH	:	7 - 10 (25 °C) Concentration: 10 g/l
Melting point/range	:	Not available for this mixture.
Boiling point/boiling range	:	Not applicable
Flash point	:	Not applicable
Evaporation rate	:	Not applicable
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	Does not sustain combustion.
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	:	Not available for this mixture.
Relative vapor density	:	Not applicable
Relative density	:	No data available
Density	:	No data available

Bulk density	:	0.70 - 0.86 g/cm3packed
Solubility(ies)		
Water solubility	:	dispersible
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	:	Not applicable
Autoignition temperature	:	No data available
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity		
Viscosity, dynamic	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	Not applicable
Explosive properties	:	Not explosive
Oxidizing properties	:	The product is not oxidizing.

9.2 Other information

Self-ignition	:	> 155 °C

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.2 Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

Dust may form explosive mixture in air.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Avoid dust formation.

Avoid extreme temperatures

No data available

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : Avoid strong acids, bases, and oxidizers.

Not applicable

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx)
Carbon oxides
Sulfur oxides
Halogenated compounds

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 425 GLP: yes Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat): > 6.2 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: OECD Test Guideline 403 GLP: yes Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 402 GLP: yes Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Components:

Chlorantraniliprole:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat, female): > 5,000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 425
Acute inhalation toxicity	:	LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 5.1 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: OECD Test Guideline 403 Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5,000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 402

kaolin:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

LD50: > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 420
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute oral toxicity

Acute inhalation toxicity : LD50: 5.07 mg/l
Method: OECD Test Guideline 436

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

LD50: > 2,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 402
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Lignosulfonic acid, sodium salt, sulfomethylated:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat, female): > 10 g/kg

Silicon, amorphous:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg
Method: OECD Test Guideline 401
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.01 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 5,000 mg/kg

Quartz (SiO2):

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 (Rat): > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50 (Rat): > 5.01 mg/l
Exposure time: 4 h
Test atmosphere: dust/mist
Method: OECD Test Guideline 436
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rabbit): > 2,000 mg/kg
Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity
Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404

Result : No skin irritation
GLP : yes

Components:

Chlorantraniliprole:

Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation

kaolin:

Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation

Lignosulfonic acid, sodium salt, sulfomethylated:

Result : No skin irritation

Silicon, amorphous:

Species : Rabbit
Result : No skin irritation

Quartz (SiO2):

Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 404
Result : No skin irritation
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405
Result : No eye irritation
GLP : yes

Components:

Chlorantraniliprole:

Species : Rabbit
Method : OECD Test Guideline 405
Result : No eye irritation

kaolin:

Method : OECD Test Guideline 405
Result : No eye irritation

Lignosulfonic acid, sodium salt, sulfomethylated:

Result : Moderate eye irritation

Silicon, amorphous:

Species	:	Rabbit
Result	:	No eye irritation

Quartz (SiO2):

Species	:	Rabbit
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 405
Result	:	No eye irritation
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Product:

Test Type	:	Local lymph node test
Species	:	Mouse
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	:	Animal test did not cause sensitization by skin contact.

Components:

Chlorantraniliprole:

Test Type	:	Maximization Test
Species	:	Guinea pig
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 406
Result	:	Does not cause skin sensitization.

Test Type	:	Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Species	:	mice
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 429
Result	:	Does not cause skin sensitization.

kaolin:

Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 429
Result	:	Does not cause skin sensitization.

Lignosulfonic acid, sodium salt, sulfomethylated:

Species	:	Guinea pig
Result	:	Not a skin sensitizer.

Quartz (SiO2):

Test Type	:	Local lymph node assay (LLNA)
Species	:	Mouse
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 429
Result	:	Does not cause skin sensitization.
Remarks	:	Based on data from similar materials

Germ cell mutagenicity

Components:

Chlorantraniliprole:

Genotoxicity in vitro	:	Test Type: reverse mutation assay Metabolic activation: with and without metabolic activation Result: negative Test Type: In vitro mammalian cell gene mutation test Test system: Chinese hamster ovary cells Method: OECD Test Guideline 476 Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo	:	Test Type: Mammalian bone marrow sister chromatid exchange Species: Mouse Method: OECD Test Guideline 474 Result: negative
Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment	:	Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

kaolin:

Genotoxicity in vitro	:	Test Type: Ames test Method: OECD Test Guideline 471 Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo	:	Remarks: No data available

Lignosulfonic acid, sodium salt, sulfomethylated:

Genotoxicity in vitro	:	Test Type: reverse mutation assay Method: OECD Test Guideline 471 Result: negative
Genotoxicity in vivo	:	Remarks: No data available

Quartz (SiO2):

Genotoxicity in vitro	:	Test Type: reverse mutation assay Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials
Genotoxicity in vivo	:	Test Type: Micronucleus test Species: Rat Method: OECD Test Guideline 474 Result: negative Remarks: Based on data from similar materials

Carcinogenicity

Components:

Chlorantraniliprole:

Species	:	Rat, male and female
Application Route	:	Oral
Exposure time	:	2 Years
NOAEL	:	805 - 1,076 mg/kg bw/day

Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 453
Result	:	negative
Species	:	Mouse, male and female
Application Route	:	Oral
Exposure time	:	18 month(s)
NOAEL	:	158 - 1,155 mg/kg bw/day
Method	:	OECD Test Guideline 453
Result	:	negative
Carcinogenicity - Assessment	:	Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects.

Lignosulfonic acid, sodium salt, sulfomethylated:

Remarks	:	No data available

Silicon, amorphous:

Result	:	negative

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

Chlorantraniliprole:

Effects on fertility	:	Test Type: Two-generation study Species: Rat, male and female Application Route: Oral General Toxicity Parent: NOAEL: 20,000 ppm General Toxicity F1: NOAEL: 20,000 ppm Method: OECD Test Guideline 416 Result: negative
Effects on fetal development	:	Test Type: Pre-natal Species: Rat Application Route: Oral Duration of Single Treatment: 6 - 20 d General Toxicity Maternal: NOEL: 1,000 mg/kg bw/day Developmental Toxicity: NOEL: 1,000 mg/kg bw/day Method: OECD Test Guideline 414 Result: negative
Reproductive toxicity - Assessment	:	Weight of evidence does not support classification for reproductive toxicity

kaolin:

Effects on fertility	:	Remarks: No data available
Effects on fetal development	:	Remarks: No data available

Lignosulfonic acid, sodium salt, sulfomethylated:

Effects on fertility	:	Remarks: No data available

Effects on fetal development : Remarks: No data available

Silicon, amorphous:

STOT-single exposure

Components:

Chlorantraniliprole:

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

kaolin:

Remarks : No significant adverse effects were reported

Lignosulfonic acid, sodium salt, sulfomethylated:

Remarks : No data available

STOT-repeated exposure

Product:

Remarks : Refer to acute toxicity and/or repeated dose toxicity data for more information on target organs if applicable.

Components:

kaolin:

Assessment : The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.

Lignosulfonic acid, sodium salt, sulfomethylated:

Remarks : No data available

Quartz (SiO2):

Routes of exposure : Inhalation
Target Organs : Lungs
Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure, category 1.

Repeated dose toxicity

Components:

Chlorantraniliprole:

Species : Rat, male and female
NOEL : 1188 - 1526 mg/kg
Application Route : Oral
Exposure time : 90 days
Method : OECD Test Guideline 408

kaolin:

Remarks : No data available

Silicon, amorphous:

Remarks : No adverse effect has been observed in chronic toxicity tests.

Quartz (SiO2):

Species : Rat
: 0.0025 mg/l
Application Route : Inhalation
Exposure time : 90 day
Method : OECD Test Guideline 413
Target Organs : Lungs
Remarks : Based on data from similar materials

Aspiration toxicity

Components:

Chlorantraniliprole:

The substance does not have properties associated with aspiration hazard potential.

Neurological effects

Components:

Chlorantraniliprole:

Remarks : No neurotoxicity observed in animal studies.

Further information

Product:

Remarks : The toxicological data has been taken from products of similar composition.

Remarks : No data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 3.2 mg/l
Exposure time: 96 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
GLP: yes

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.029 mg/l
Exposure time: 48 h
Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
GLP: yes

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EbC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 5.0 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201 GLP: yes
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: 0.00447 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)
Toxicity to soil dwelling organisms	:	> 1,000 mg/kg Exposure time: 14 d Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms) Method: OECD Test Guideline 207
Toxicity to terrestrial organisms	:	LD50: > 2,250 mg/kg Exposure time: 14 d Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail) Method: US EPA Test Guideline OPPTS 850.2100 LD50: 285.7 µg/abeille285.7 µg/bee Exposure time: 48 h Species: Apis mellifera (bees) Method: OECD Test Guideline 214 GLP:yes Remarks: Contact

Components:

Chlorantraniliprole:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 13.8 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.0116 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	ErC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): > 2 mg/l Exposure time: 120 h EC50 (Lemna gibba (duckweed)): > 2 mg/l Exposure time: 14 d NOEC (Lemna gibba (duckweed)): 2 mg/l Exposure time: 14 d
Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity)	:	NOEC: 1.28 mg/l Exposure time: 36 d Species: Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow) NOEC: 0.110 mg/l Exposure time: 28 d Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)
Toxicity to daphnia and other	:	NOEC: 0.00447 mg/l

aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)		Exposure time: 21 d Species: Daphnia magna (Water flea)
Toxicity to soil dwelling organisms	:	LC50: > 1,000 mg/kg Exposure time: 14 d Species: Eisenia fetida (earthworms)
Toxicity to terrestrial organisms	:	LD50: >0.005 Exposure time: 48 h End point: Acute oral toxicity Species: Apis mellifera (bees) LD50: >0.0274 Exposure time: 48 h End point: Acute contact toxicity Species: Apis mellifera (bees) LD50: > 2,250 mg/kg Species: Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite quail) LC50: > 5,620 ppm Species: Anas platyrhynchos (Mallard duck)

kaolin:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 202
Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 201
Toxicity to microorganisms	:	Remarks: No data available
Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chronic toxicity)	:	Remarks: No data available

Lignosulfonic acid, sodium salt, sulfomethylated:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 615 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h

Silicon, amorphous:

Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish)): > 10,000 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h Method: OECD Test Guideline 203

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates : EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 1,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 24 h

Quartz (SiO2):

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Cyprinus carpio (Carp)): > 10,000 mg/l
Exposure time: 72 h

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product:

Biodegradability : Result: Not biodegradable
Remarks: Estimation based on data obtained on active ingredient.

Components:

Chlorantraniliprole:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.

Stability in water : Degradation half life (DT50): 10 d
pH: 9

kaolin:

Biodegradability : Remarks: The methods for determining biodegradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

Lignosulfonic acid, sodium salt, sulfomethylated:

Biodegradability : Result: Not readily biodegradable.
Biodegradation: < 5 %
Exposure time: 28 d
Method: OECD Test Guideline 301E

Silicon, amorphous:

Biodegradability : Remarks: The methods for determining the biological degradability are not applicable to inorganic substances.

Quartz (SiO2):

Biodegradability : Result: Not biodegradable

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate.
Estimation based on data obtained on active ingredient.

Components:

Chlorantraniliprole:

Bioaccumulation : Species: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill sunfish)

Bioconcentration factor (BCF): 15

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: 2.86 (20 °C)
pH: 7

kaolin:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : Remarks: Not applicable

Lignosulfonic acid, sodium salt, sulfomethylated:

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: No data available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water : log Pow: -3.45

Quartz (SiO2):

Bioaccumulation : Remarks: Does not bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Components:

Chlorantraniliprole:

Distribution among environmental compartments : Koc: 244 - 464
Remarks: immobile

kaolin:

Distribution among environmental compartments : Remarks: Low mobility in soil.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

12.6 Other adverse effects

Product:

Additional ecological information : Environmental hazards
Do not apply directly to water.
Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas.
See product label for additional application instructions relating to environmental precautions.

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : The product should not be allowed to enter drains, water courses or the soil.
Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container.
Send to a licensed waste management company.

Contaminated packaging : Empty remaining contents.
Dispose of as unused product.
Do not re-use empty containers.

Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

IMDG : UN 3077

IATA : UN 3077

14.2 UN proper shipping name

IMDG : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.
(Chlorantraniliprole)
()

IATA : Environmentally hazardous substance, solid, n.o.s.
(Chlorantraniliprole)
(Chlorantraniliprole)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

IMDG : 9

IATA : 9

14.4 Packing group

IMDG
Packing group : III
Labels : 9
EmS Code : F-A, S-F

IATA (Cargo)
Packing instruction (cargo aircraft) : 956
Packing instruction (LQ) : Y956
Packing group : III

Labels : Miscellaneous

IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction (passenger aircraft) : 956
Packing instruction (LQ) : Y956
Packing group : III
Labels : Miscellaneous

14.5 Environmental hazards

IMDG

Marine pollutant : yes

IATA (Passenger)

Environmentally hazardous : yes

IATA (Cargo)

Environmentally hazardous : yes

14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

The ingredients of this product are reported in the following inventories:

TCSI : On the inventory, or in compliance with the inventory

TSCA : Product contains substance(s) not listed on TSCA inventory.

AIIC : Not in compliance with the inventory

DSL : This product contains the following components that are not on the Canadian DSL nor NDSL.

3-BROMO-4'-CHLORO-1-(3-CHLORO-2-PYRIDYL)-2'-METHYL-6'-(METHYLCARBAMOYL)-1H-PYRAZOLE-5-CARBOXANILIDE

ENCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

ISHL : Not in compliance with the inventory

KECI : Not in compliance with the inventory

PICCS : Not in compliance with the inventory

IECSC	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
NZIoC	:	Not in compliance with the inventory
TECI	:	Not in compliance with the inventory

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

H319	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
H372	:	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
H400	:	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	:	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of other abbreviations

Aquatic Acute	:	Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic	:	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Eye Irrit.	:	Eye irritation
STOT RE	:	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure
2004/37/EC	:	Europe. Directive 2004/37/EC on the protection of workers from the risks related to exposure to carcinogens or mutagens at work
ZA OEL	:	South Africa. The Regulations for Hazardous Chemical Agents, Occupational Exposure Limits
2004/37/EC / TWA	:	Long term exposure limit
ZA OEL / OEL- ML	:	Occupational Exposure Limit Maximum limit - 8- hour exposure or equivalent (12 hour shifts).

ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals; ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials; bw - Body weight; CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant; DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation; DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada); ECHA - European Chemicals Agency; EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule; ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan); ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Harmonized System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice; IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer; IATA - International Air Transport Association; IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk; IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration; ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization; IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China; IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods; IMO - International Maritime Organization; ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization; KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory; LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population; LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose); MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration; NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate; NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals; OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development; OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic sub-

stance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals; RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail; SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature; SDS - Safety Data Sheet; SVHC - substance of very high concern; TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory; TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory; TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States); UN - United Nations; UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods; vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Other information : see user defined free text

Classification of the mixture:		**Classification procedure:**
Aquatic Acute 1	H400	Based on product data or assessment
Aquatic Chronic 1	H410	Based on product data or assessment

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