

A stronger, more complete burnoff before canola plus weeks of extended cleaver control

What is Command® Charge herbicide?

Command® Charge herbicide is a new pre-seed canola herbicide that delivers fast control of emerged broadleaf weeds and long-lasting control of flushing cleavers, making it the most comprehensive broadleaf burnoff available to canola growers today. Also, Command® Charge herbicide should be tank-mixed with glyphosate for an even broader spectrum of weed control.

How does Command® Charge herbicide help my farm?

Outstanding burnoff on your toughest broadleaf weeds. Growers know that glyphosate alone sometimes underperforms on key broadleaf weeds. By applying Command[®] Charge herbicide with glyphosate, you'll see better burnoff of more than 25 broadleaf weeds.

Ongoing control of flushing cleavers. Later flushes of cleavers must be controlled to protect canola yield. Command® Charge herbicide protects your canola crop for up to four weeks of extended cleaver control. Glyphosate alone can't do this.

A powerful tool to manage resistance. Too much glyphosate on its own for too long has raised the risk of resistant weeds. Pairing Group 13 and Group 14 Command® Charge herbicide with Group 9 glyphosate puts three modes of action in the tank. This increases weed control efficacy today and helps ensure sustainability of glyphosate use tomorrow. Growing canola and using Command® Charge provides you with the only opportunity to utilize a Group 13 mode of action in your herbicide resistance management strategy.



13 & 14

Quick facts:

Application timing:Before seeding canola

Water volume: 10 US gal/ac (100 L/ha)

Packaging: Each case treats 80 acres

Rainfastness:

Command® Charge A herbicide not applicable, but requires a minimum of 5 - 10 mm (1/4") moisture for activation

Command® Charge B herbicide rain soon after application may reduce efficacy

When and how is Command® Charge herbicide applied?

Command® Charge herbicide is applied before seeding any variety of herbicide-tolerant canola. Note that Command® Charge A herbicide does not have a rainfastness but does require a 5 mm to 10 mm (1/4 inch) of rain for activation. With Command® Charge B herbicide rainfall soon after application may reduce efficacy. No soil incorporation is required.

Which herbicides can be tank-mixed with Command® Charge herbicide?

Only glyphosate. No surfactant is required if tank-mixed with glyphosate. If Command® Charge B is sprayed without glyphosate, add a non-ionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v.

What's in the box?

 $2 \times 5.4 \text{ L jugs of Command}$ Charge A herbicide – 135 ml/acre $2 \times 1.2 \text{ L jugs of Command}$ Charge B herbicide – 30 ml/acre Each case treats 80 acres.



Internal FMC trials.

Crops

 Canola (all herbicide-tolerant systems)

Weeds

Burnoff

- · Black nightshade
- Carpetweed
- · Cleavers
- Cocklebur
- · Eastern black nightshade
- Flixweed
- Hairy nightshade
- Jimsonweed
- Kochia
- · Lamb's-quarters
- Morning glory
- Pennsylvania smartweed
- Pigweed (redroot, prostrate, smooth, tumble)
- Purslane
- · Round-leaved mallow
- · Russian thistle
- · Shepherd's purse
- Stinkweed
- Tansy mustard
- Velvetleaf
- Volunteer canola
- Waterhemp (common & tall)

Extended Control

Cleavers

Questions? Ask your retailer about Command® Charge herbicide today.